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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,155.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1875.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follow :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half-yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
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To Subscribers Up-country.

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Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 67
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TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	„ 2 8
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Fourth and succeeding insertions ... „ 0 2½ As. line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

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Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found, &c., &c.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1 0
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8 As.

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at, our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

Domestic Occurrences : Each—Rupees 2.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE :

Captain. Tons. H.P. March.

DECCAN ..... J. D. Gaby .. 3128 600 29th—Southampton.

April.

KASHGAR ..... G. J. Babot... 2609 450 5th—Suez, &c.
BYDAS: 128 ..... D. Hennoldson 2984 450 13th—Southampton.
DELHI ..... G. Lee ..... 2178 400 19th—Suez, &c.
PEKIN ..... W. Woolcott... 3770 600 26th—Southampton.

May.

AVOCA ..... J. H. Torbock 1481 250 3rd—Suez, &c.
MIRZAPORE ..... A. Parish. 3263 600 10th—Southampton.
BARODA ..... W. Ferriman 1874 400 17th—Suez, &c.
KHIVA ..... C. G. Perrins. 1969 450 24th—Southampton.
GEELONG ..... C. Fraser ..... 1981 550 31st—Suez, &c.

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct ; but by the alternate steamers Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Passengers are requested to send their heavy baggage to Mazagon, on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon at 3 P.M. precisely on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 19th March 1875.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

On Tuesday, the 6th April 1875, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. LOMBARDY (2,723 tons and 450 H.P.,) Capt. E. M. Gillson, will be despatched as above, carrying mails for Malta, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's Office before noon, on Saturday, the 3rd April 1875.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 23rd March 1875.

ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS.

	Gross Tonnage.	Nominal H.P.		Gross Tonnage.	Nominal H.P.
ARCADIA ...	749	96	EUROPA	2277	454
ALEXANDRIA	1630	454	INDIA	1290	500
ANGLIA	2233	400	ITALIA	2245	350
AS-YRIA	1623	454	MACEDONIA ...	2273	486
AUSTRALIA ...	2244	400	OLYMPIA	1031	424
BOLIVIA	4050	1120	SCANDINAVIA		
CALEDONIA ...	2125	424	VIA	1135	96
CALIFORNIA ..	3287	1047	SCOTIA	1104	120
CASTALIA	2291	424	SARDANIA	1235	120
COLUMBIA	1698	400	SENACRIA	2417	424
DORIA	1023	96	SYRIA	1039	96
ELYSIA	2733	678	TUTUIA	2736	500
ETHIOPIA	4005	1120	VICTORIA	3242	1047

If sufficient inducement offers a fortnightly service of the above Line of Steamers will be established between Bombay and Liverpool. Definite sailing dates will be fixed and strictly adhered to, the Colchonis, Macedonia and Ionia are to be the pioneers and at present it is expected their sailing dates will be the 1st, 15th and 29th May, respectively, but of this at least 5 days previous notice will be given.

The following passage rates will be charged :—

For Adults to Liverpool 50 guineas	or Rs. 550
„ Children under 10 and over three years half fare.	
„ European Servants	Rs. 300
„ Native Servants	„ 150
„ Adults to Aden	„ 2 0
„ „ to Suez	„ 350
„ „ to Malta	„ 450

For further particulars and passage, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 18th March 1875.

LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.

TO LEAVE ABOUT 20TH APRIL.

THE well-known and favorite Steamer "STRATHCLYDE,"

1,951 tons, Captain C. W. Pearson, will be despatched from Bombay as above. She has very superior accommodation for first-class passengers, and generally makes the passage in thirty days. She is fitted with Ice House, Piano, Punkahs, and every other appliance necessary for a steamer in this climate. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

To Liverpool ..... Rs. 500

Exclusive of Wines, &c., which can be procured on board at moderate prices.

For passage and further particulars apply to

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.

Bombay, 19th January 1875.

FOR LIVERPOOL, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

(To leave about the 20th April.)

THE well-known and favorite Steam-ship TIMOR, 2,209 Tons, Captain J. Brown, will be despatched as above, and is expected to make the run home as usual in about 30 days. She has very superior first class accommodation and is fitted with very appliance to ensure the comfort of passengers in a tropical climate.

A Stewardess is carried.

RATES OF PASSAGE ARE—

1st Class to Suez £20
Do. to Liverpool £50

exclusive of Wines, &c., which, however, can be procured on board at moderate prices.

For further particulars, apply to

W. NICOL & Co., Agents,
or Messrs. KING, KING & Co.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, VIA THE SUEZ CANAL.

THE Splendid Screw Steam-ship "JAS. C. STEVENSON," John G. Bell, Commander, (most favorably known in the Passenger Trade), 1,943 Tons gross Register and 1,250 Tons new Register, 300 Horse-power nominal, 1,350 Horse-power effective, will sail about 30th April 1875.

This magnificent Steamer, built expressly for the Passenger Trade between London and Calcutta, via the Suez Canal, is provided with every comfort and convenience that could possibly be desired for the voyage, including Ladies' Sitting Room with Piano, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Bath Rooms, Ice House, &c. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and offers very superior accommodation for Passengers. The Saloon is nearly amidships, and the Cabins are furnished with bedding and all necessaries on the best scale. The special attraction in this vessel is the VENTILATION, the sleeping cabins having each two to three large square ports fitted with venetians, all of which are well out of the water, therefore can be opened in all weathers ; her side-cabins are fitted for two passengers only, except a few larger ones for families, which are specially fitted with W. c's, &c., thus ensuring great privacy ; she has a number of excellent bachelor cabins outside of the Saloon, nearly midships which are also specially well ventilated.

For Saloon Passengers an excellent table will be kept, including fresh meat, poultry, &c., but exclusive of wines, beer, or spirits, which can be procured on board at moderate fixed rates and of excellent quality ; the Second class Passengers will be dieted in a liberal manner.

The fares as follows :—

Saloon	Rs. 500
Second Class	300
Ayahs and Native Men	200

Children according to age.

For further particulars apply to

KING, KING & Co.,
OR
W. NICOL & Co,
Agents.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per ship STOWELL BROWN, arrived from CALCUTTA are requested to SEND BILLS of LADING and DELIVERY ORDERS for our inspection and countersignature and TAKE DELIVERY of their respective cargo.

The freight will be received before the delivery of cargo.

No claims for damage or short delivery will be admitted under any circumstances unless passed by the Captain before departure of the vessel.

HORMUSJEE & JAMSETJEE
Victoria Building, Fort,

Bombay, 25th March 1875.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome Household furniture, best plated rich crockery and glassware a first class sweet toned Semi-Grand Piano by "Boundy & Co.," a full size slate billiard table by "Bennett," a fine collection of choice plant &c at Malabar Hill.

On THURSDAY, the 15th Proximo, Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at his residence at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome household furniture piano, billiard Table, &c., the property of Lieut.-C. I. White.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 26th March 1875.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
AUCTION SALE OF SHARES.

THIS DAY MONDAY the 29th instant, at 2 P.M. Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by public auction at the Share Bazar the undermentioned shares.

On account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Bezunjee Kerbasjee and by order of the Mortgagee Nanjee Premjee.

2 Shares in the New Dhurumsee Poonjabhoy Spinning and Weving Company Limited.

2 Shares in the Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company Limited.

2 Shares in the Broach Mill Company Limited.

On account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Sa Vundra un Damodar and by order of the Mortgagee Premjee Lilladhur.

1 Share in the Mazagon Spinning and Weaving Company Limited No. 699.

1 Share in the Mazagon Company Limited No. 699.

On account and at the risk of the first purchaser Sa Kimulsee Premjee and by order of Samjee Lucha.

1 Share in the New Dhurumsee Poonjabhoy Spinning and Weaving Company Limited No. 491.

A Deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of Sale.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 29th March 1875.

BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE, AUCTIONEER.
AUCTION SALE OF HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARRIAGES, HORSES, PALKEE, &c., &c.

At No. 130 Bazar Gate Street Fort.

BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 3rd Proximo, at 11 o'clock P. M. at his late residence No. 130 Bazar Gate Street Fort, (by order of the Executor) The property of the late Doctor A. Desilva, consisting Plated, Glass and Crockery ware, Handsome carved Blackwood Furniture, such as pairs of Sofa Couches, Drawing room Easy, and Pooneh chairs, circular Sofa and Side Tables with Marble Slabs, Chiffoniers, side board, Hat Stand, a set Dining Tables in 3 pieces, Bed-tead, Wardrobe Tea Poys, Plated 4, 2, and Sitting light Hanging Argand Lamps with Drops, Pictures, a Chubbs Fire proof safe on stand, a Double barrelled Gun, a revolver in Mahogany case or Handsome Electro Gilt 3 Barrell 1 pr 1 Wagon, Table ornaments, a collection of Medical Books, Cooking utensils, &c., &c

At 2 o'clock P. M.

1 Secondhand Brougham.
1 Secondhand Buggy.
1 Buggy or Brougham Horse.
1 Palkee, and a set Harness.

The property will be on view form Wednesday the 31st instant.

Terms—Cash.

BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE.

Bombay, 29th March 1875.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & CO,

Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. are instructed by the Municipal Commissioner, to sell by Public Auction, a parcel or piece of vacant land and a Tank belonging to the Municipal Corporation, situated to the east of the Pareli Station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, admeasuring about 13,000 square yards.

The sale takes place on the spot THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 P.M.

The sale is subject to the sanction of the Municipal Corporation, and on condition that the tank is to be filled in within the period of 12 months from the date of sale, and that the gadjan bails now existing on the said ground be removed within six months of the sale.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 29th March 1875.

JEHANGEER HORMUSJEE & COMPANY.
No. 12, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 31st instant, at 1 P. M., Messrs. JAHANGEER HORMUSJEE and Company will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the following :—

Cut Liquor and Champagne glasses, Sodawater Tumblers, finger Cups, Plated Table and dessert spoons and forks, Tea spoons, Pomatum by G. F. COWARD & Co., lady's belt, music toys, plated handled Table knives, fancy scissors, plated time piece, telescopes, filter bottle, writing papers, air pillow, brass pegs, pictures, Horse belt, horse brushes, shoe brushes, playing cards, Morocco bound gilted albums, Carbolic Acid soap by F. S. Craver, thread Napkins, large size bathing Towels, brass padlocks.

1 Gold embroidered superior coat.

2 cases of glass buttons.

Also a quantity of grey and colored piece goods such as grey shirtings, Madapolams, Jacconete, prints, Lhooties &c.

1 Case Turkey red scarfs.

On account and at the risk of the underwriters per s. s. "Goodhope."

1 Bag of Cochineal damaged about 175 lbs.

On account of concerned to be sold without reserve.

4 Cases small size pictures in gilt frames.

2 Cases genuine toilet soap.

8 Cases Wormwood bitters.

JEHANGEER HORMUSJEE & Co.

Bombay, 29th March, 1875.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 29th instant, at 2 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

10 bales Grey Shirtings.
10 cases Weighed Prints.
2 bales Blankets.
5 cases T. Red Prints.
5 ditto Foolscap Paper.
2 ditto Cotton Umbrellas.
1 ditto Atkinson's Honey and Brown Windsor soap and perfumery.
1 ditto Cashmere cloth.
3 dit o Dr. Wm's Toilet powder.
1 ditto 112 Dozen Packs Palace Golf Figured International and Club Size Playing Cards.

On account and at the risk of the purchaser Soondejee Dharsey, ex. s. Balcrosse.

D B and C—S—G—3 cases 1,000 Bs. Silver Cochineal.

On account and at the risk of the purchaser Goo am Hussoon Abdool.

A E W—Bombay—35/38—34 casks, each containing 12 neats cast iron handled Rice Bowls each containing 1 bowl each of No. 0, 00, and each nest weighing 30 lbs.

On account of Mr G De Souza.

1 Round Table with Marble top and sundry plated goods.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Blackwood carved and Cane seated Household Furniture, Best Plated, Glass, and Porcelain wares, a strong English built buggy, with a powerful bay Arab-tatan Horse, a strong dark Bay Australian Mare, 5 years old, fit for lady Traded, choice plants &c., at No. 4 Marine Lines, Esplanade.

On FRIDAY, the 2nd Day of April next, sale commencing at 1 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 4, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome household furniture &c., of Surgeon Major E. R. Inverarity. Full particulars whereof will appear hereafter.

Catalogues will be printed and the above will be on view 3 days before the day of sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome Household Furniture, Plated Glass and Porcelain Wares, a first-rate grand square Piano by Boundy and Co., &c., on the top floor of 4 and 5, Medows Street, above Mr. J. Neuberg's.

ON SATURDAY, the 3rd April, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the above-named residence, the handsome Household Furniture, Piano, &c., the property of Mr. W. SOUTH.

Full particulars whereof will appear in due time.

The Furniture will be on view on and after the 1st April.

Catalogues are ready.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN 2ND BHOYWADA STREET.

Under inst ructions from the Administrator General and with the consent of the Mortgagee Dhanjeebhoy Nowrojee Sa Vundra un Damodar and by order of the Mortgagee Premjee Lilladhur.

All that piece of hereditary freehold messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the north side of 2nd Bhoywada street in the sub-district of Bhooleshwar in the Town of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 10 feet in breadth, 70 feet and 6 inches in length, or thereabouts, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Assessments under No. 29, and bounded as follows :—that is to say, on the east by the property of Damodhur Hurrichunkur, on the west by the house of Vurjeevundas Purshotum, on the north by the sweeper's passage, and on the south by the aforesaid 2nd Bhoywada street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Undersigned.

SALE of Valuable Landed Properties in Rowree Mohollo otherwise called Meerja Mohollo, in the Town of Bombay and Island of Khetwady.

Under instructions from the mortgagee Messrs. NENCY KHYRAZ and FEROO MAHOMED, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will on the dates here under written, sell by public auction on their rooms below mentioned, the undermarked landed properties on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Mr. Merwanji Nowrojee Sadoobhai, in the presence of the mortgagee at sale given in the Indenture of mortgage dated the 6th day of March 1873.

On TUESDAY, the 6th day of April 1875, at 4 P.M. Lot No. 1. All that piece of Fazundaree ground whereof Mr. Heerjeebhoy Hormusjee is the Fazundar together with the dwelling houses thereon thereto situate on the north side of Currey Mola otherwise called Thachee Moholi or Meeran Street in the subdistrict of Mandvie without the Fort of Bombay assessed under No. 18 containing by admeasurement 128 5/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by the house of late Shapoorjee Pestonjee Shroff, on the west by the house of Rustomjee Nowrojee Commeegar, on the north by the sweeper's passage, and on the south by the said Meeran Street now in the occupation of Nowrojee Cowasjee and other tenants.

On the SAME DAY, at 5 P.M. Lot No. 2. All that piece of Government assessed ground together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on the East side of Duncan Road, in the subdistrict of Bhoiwada without the Fort of Bombay now assessed under No. 128 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 1764, containing by admeasurement 117 3/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by sweeper's passage, on the west by the said Duncan Road, on the north by the Hajalcore passage and the property of Nagurdas Purmanundas, and on the south by the Duncan Road Cross street formerly and now in the occupation of Pandoojee Crushnajee and other tenants.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of April 1875, at 4 P.M. Lot No. 3. All that piece of ground together with the 2 splendid houses standing thereon situate on the north side of Khetwady 7th Cross Lane in New Town in the sub-district of Bhooleshwar without the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 938 8/9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the Khetwady New Road, on the west partly by lane, partly by the property of Muncherjee Dadabhoy, and partly by the house of Coodajee Ghatee, on north by the Khetwady 8 Cross Lane, and on the south by the said Khetwady 7th Cross lane which said land and premises are registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 2146, 2150, 2176 and 2178, formerly assessed under No. 93, and 93A and now under No. 117. These premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of Messrs. Muncherjee Dadabhoy and Hormusjee Shapoorjee Patuck.

For further particulars, conditions of sale, and inspection of Deeds, application may be made to the undersigned.

SALE of Ground with Fruit and other Trees at Chimboor.

On THURSDAY, the 8th day of April at 4 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Nowrojee Cowasjee Doctor.

All that piece of land or garden ground known by the name of Borbhat situate at Chimboor in the Zillah Salsette District, Tannah, registered under Survey No. 203 and 209 No. containing by admeasurement one acre and eight goontas or thereabouts, together with the fruit and other trees, shed and well standing thereon, and bounded on the east by the ground of Ramchund Manockjee, on the west by the Government Road, on the north by the Government Road and ground of Antoba Dhekjee, and on south by the properties of Wishwanath Dalajee, Govind Pandorung and Padman Waljee.

For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 29th March 1875.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILSON LINE.
LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.

TO LEAVE ABOUT 7TH MAY.

THE fast and magnificent S. S. "NAVARINO,"

3,350 tons, 450 H. P. built expressly for the Indian trade with special reference to the convenience and comfort of passengers. She has very superior accommodation on the Saloon and Maindecks for 95 first class passengers, and is fitted with every requisite. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

To Liverpool ..... Rs. 500
To Suez or Port Said ..... „ 300
To Malta ..... „ 400

exclusive of Wines and Spirits which can be had on board For passage and further particulars apply to

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Passenger Agents.
W. NICOL & Co., Consignees.

Bombay, 27th March 1875.

WILSON LINE.
LIVERPOOL VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE S. S. "YEDDO," 1,808 Tons, and S. S. "RINALDO," 1,840 Tons, will be despatched respectively about the 10th and 27th April. They have excellent accommodation amidships for First Class Passengers with Saloon on deck, and carry a Surgeon.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co., Passenger Agents.
W. NICOL & Co., Consignees.

Bombay, 27th March 1875.

AKEODERMA.

(The Stable, Kennel, and Menagerie Friend)
Eradicates Mange on

HORSES,
DOGS, CATTLE,
CAMELS, ELEPHANTS,

And all other Pachydermatous Animals. Its beneficial effect on the skin is in many cases marvellous ; healing sores, removing scars, and restoring hair in the most unpromising cases ; and producing a fine healthy coat.

Per Bottle, Rs. 1-8, Per Dozen, Rs. 15.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
7 ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ALPINE ICE COMPANY.

A LARGE quantity of PURE ALPINE BLOCK ICE having been shipped to Bombay by the abovenamed Company a depôt will be opened for its sale on WEDNESDAY, the 31st instant, at No. 16, Marine Street, opposite the Custom House.

Price for a single pound 1 ANNA PER lb and FOR TWO POUNDS AND UPWARDS 1 ANNA PER lb. Up country ordors, accompanied by remittances, will be carefully and promptly attended to by Mr. CURSETJEE DORABJEE, the Godown-keeper of the Company's Agents, to whom letters may be addressed at the Depôt No. 16, Marine Street.

NOW READY,

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The Bombay Gazette Overland Summary, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12

Single Copy ..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

NOW READY,

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.

Freight Report, &c.

Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.

Comparative Summary of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1867 and 1874 respectively.

Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1867 and 1874 respectively.

Share List and Rates of Exchange.

List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and of arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week.

Annual Subscription in advance ..... Rs. 10

Single Copy ..... Annas 4

"Bombay Gazette," Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

TOWN HALL.

SIGNOR GIACINTO INZOLI, GRAND EVENING CONCERT, under the distinguished Patronage of H. E. THE GOVERNOR, TUESDAY, 30TH INSTANT.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Reserved Seats	Rs. 4
Family Tickets, to admit Three	„ 10
Unreserved Seats	„ 2
Back Seats	„ 1

Concert to commence at 9 o'clock.

Tickets may be obtained of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

D'ARCY READ'S "GHOST."

TUESDAY, MARCH 30TH.

UNDER THE IMMEDIATE PATRONAGE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

THURSDAY, APRIL 1ST.

SATURDAY, APRIL 3RD.

Reserved Tickets at SOUNDY'S

FOR SALE, at the BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS, Byculla.

Maps of the REWA KANTA DISTRICT on the scale of 2 miles to an inch.

PRICE PER COPY.	Rs. a.
Unmounted in 2 Sheets	5 4
Mounted in one Sheet	8 4

L. C. BARTON, LIEUT.-COLONEL,
Political Agent, Rewa Kanta.

UNITED EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE.

The Rev. A. N. SOMERVILLE, from GLASGOW, will DELIVER an EVANGELISTIC ADDRESS at the following places, at 8 o'clock in the evening :—

MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, 29th, 30th and 31st March, in the FRAMJEE COWASJEE HALL, ESPLANADE.

Daily Meeting for Prayer in connection with the Services will be held on the above days, in the FREE CHURCH (ESPLANADE), from 7½ A.M. to 8-30 A.M., at which Mr. SOMERVILLE, will preside.

The Hymns to be sung at these Services will be selected from those used by Messrs. MOODY and SANKEY at their Meetings.

J. NEUBERG.

JUST RECEIVED, A FRESH SUPPLY OF TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,

IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

DAWSON'S AND THOMPSON'S PRIME MADURAS Nos. 1, 2 & 3.

PRINCIPES,
REGALIAS.

PONDICHERRY CHEROOTS AND CIGARS,

A SPLENDID BATCH JUST TO HAND.

INDIANAS Nos. 1, & 2.
LONG COMMONS.
DINDIGULS, HAVANNAH.

OF REALLY SUPERIOR TOBACCO,

Specially prepared for the Undersigned.

REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS,

A RARE OPPORTUNITY, Mr. NEUBERG WOULD RECOMMEND SMOKERS TO NOTE.

REGALIA BRITTANICA,
Per Box of 50, Rs. 13.

REINA VICTORIA,
Per Box of 100, Rs. 21.

INTENDING PURCHASERS ARE RECOMMENDED TO MAKE EARLY APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

HOUSEHOLD CLARET.

Is pre-eminently an *honest* Wine.

Quarts .....Rs. 10 | Pints .....Rs. 5 8

D. S. KEMP & Co., Bombay.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.

GUARANTEED to be a PURE EXTRACT of the FLESH and BONES of CHICKEN. When dissolved in water it forms a most nutritious food for Invalids, Infants, and delicate persons ; and in Sea-sickness and similar emergencies, it is frequently the only nourishment that can be borne by the patient.

Per Pot, Rs. 3.

D. S. KEMP & CO.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE, a miniature BROUGHAM with Horse and Harness. Price Rs. 850. Apply to R. SCOTT & Co., Veterinary Stables, Girgaum.

TO England, to attend a lady, or as chaperone to young ladies, or the care of children over 5 years of age, is desired. Address, C. S., Brompton Cottage, Poona.

WANTED, a respectable European FEMALE to go to England about the 20th April and two children. Address stating terms to A. B. Office of this Paper.

SECOND-HAND, a 14-inch Dumpy Level with silver ring compass by Elliotts, complete. Cost Rs. 250, Price Rs. 150, to ensure quick sale. Apply G. N., at this Office.

LAHORE GREAT ENGLISH DERBY SWEEP 1875.

TICKETS—10 RUPEES.

After paying the working expenses the balance will be divided as follows :—

The Winner to take half :—

2nd Horse	5-16
3rd „	3-16

To close the day before the Race.

The result of Drawing will be published in the Indian Newspapers, Application and Remittance to be made to the Secretary, Lahore.

COPPER-PLATE PRINTING,
ENGRAVING, &c.

VISITING CARDS, Invitation Cards, Wedding Cards and Envelopes, Cheques, Bills of Lading, Office and Bank Seals, Seals for Stamping Envelopes, &c., engraved to order, at a moderate prices.

Specimens may be seen at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BADHAM AND COMPANY'S SPECIAL KIT

FOR OVERLAND PASSENGERS AND TRAVELLERS,

READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

CASH PRICES.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Deck Suits	10 to 16 8	Blanket's	each 10 8	60-Inch Drab Twill Waterproof	
Overland Suits	20 to 30 0	Long Rugs or Scotch Mauds ...	10 to 15 0	Sheeting	4 0
Warm Suits	30 0	*Razais* or Quilts	5-8 to 10 8	42-Inch White Waterproof	3 12
Overcoats and Inverness Capes from	35 0	Portmanteaus or Overland		Linen Frond Collars	0 12
Dressing Gowns	9 to 20 0	Trunks	12-8 to 23 0	Linen Collars	doz. 6 0
Pyjamas	3 0	Solid Leather do	49 0	Cambric Handkerchiefs	„ 5 0
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached ...	5 12	Extra Large do	75 0	Warm Gloves	1 14
White do.	4 8	Black Hide Bags	11 8	Mits	1 8
French Cambric do., Collar attached	4 8	Extra large do	24 0	Mufflers	2 12
English Cambric do.	4 8	Gladstone Bags	35 0	Fine, Scarf	1-4 to 3 0
Best Shrunk Flannel do.	8 0	Travelling Writing Cases fitted ...	12 8	Sailors' Knot	1-8 to 3 0
Silk and Wool do.	8 8	Gents' Bags, fitted complete	72 0	Windsors for Bow or Ring	1-8 to 4 0
Spun Silk do.	11 0	Ladies' Carriage Bags, fitted complete	58 8	Sponge Bags	1 8
Gents' Under Vests	3-8 to 6 0	Gents' Dressing Cases	11 8	Sponges	3 8
Ladies' Under do.	4-8 to 6 8	Soiled Linen Bags, all sizes ...5 to	6 0	Soap Boxes	1 8
Gents' Under Pants	4 to 8 0	Cash Bags	6 12	Tooth Brush Guards	0 12
Gents' Cotton Socks	doz. 8 8	Courier do	4-8 to 12 8	Do. Brushes	0 12
Warm do.	„ 15 8	Money Belts	2-8 to 6 8	Nail Do.	0 14
Ladies' White Cotton Hose	„ 13 8	Tiffin Baskets fitted	16 to 22 8	Hair Brushes and Combs in Pickin case	0-8 to 12 8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose	„ 9 8	Air Pillows	5 0	Razors, Ivory Handles	3 8
Children's White Cotton Socks from doz	6-8 to 12 8	Travelling do.	1 8	Do. Strops	3-8 to 5 8
Heather Merino do.	6-8 to 12 8	English Feather do	7 8	Nail Scissors	1-8 to 1 12
Bathing Drawers	2 0	Do. Horse Hair do	7 8	Champagne Taps	8 8
Travelling Caps	3 8	Folding Camp Bedsteads	35 0	Pocket Knife	2 8
Travelling Seal-skin Caps	6-8 to 8 8	Cork Mattresses	19 8	Marine Soap, 3 cakes for	1 0
Travelling Hats	5-8 to 8 8	Cotton do.	15 0	Shaving do. Stick	1 0
Cardigan Jackets very warm ...	3-8 to 12 8	Rug Straps	1-8 to 2 8	Overland Chairs, best Beech ...	6-8 to 12 8
Sheets per pair	9 8	Waterproof Coats	10 0	Folding Croquet Chairs	9 0
Pillow Cases each	1-4 to 2 8				

A LARGE STOCK OF READY MADE CLOTHING ALWAYS ON HAND.

BADHAM AND COMPANY,

CIVIL, MILITARY, AND NAVAL TAILORS,
23, RAMPART ROW. BOMBAY.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW ASSORTMENT OF—

LAMP CLOCKS, one year guarantee ..... Rs. 30

In drawing the attention of the Public to these Clocks, Messrs. F. L. & Co. can with certainty say that there is not another Clock which possesses its advantages, both as a good timekeeper by day and night, and as an ornamental article in the drawing-room. On account of its mild and mellow light it should always be found in a sick-room. The facility with which this Clock can be packed in a case, and carried, enables it to be used by travellers with great convenience when putting up at dak bungalows or at an hotel.

SILVER HUNTING or SEMI-HUNTING LEVER WATCHES ..... Rs. 50

These Watches are the celebrated Rs. 50 watches, manufactured only by Messrs. F. L. & Co. It is unnecessary to go into the detail of the many points of excellence of these Watches, as their numerous sale fully testifies to their value as good timekeepers.

FAVRE, LEUBA'S ROUND BRASS TRAVELLING TIME

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, 27TH MARCH 1875.

The Markets both here and at home being closed for the Easter holidays, there is no daily Commercial report.

COTTON REPORT.

THE Mofussil Company, Limited, have received the following information from the Cotton Districts regarding the weather and the crops :—

Broach, 26th March.—There has been very much activity lately in the market, and for the best quality its. 240 to Rs. 242 is now being asked, and for "good-fair" Rs. 237 to Rs. 238. The demand has been very great, and even inferior lots find ready purchasers. Some Kupas from Veerumgaum have been coming into this market, and will no doubt be sold on the Bombay Green as Machine-ginned Broach. The season will be over in about two weeks.

Surat, 26th.—The market has been excited, and Rs. 242 is the present figure. The quality keeps up, and the season will last until the end of next month.

Wardha, 24th.—Since our last, supplies have gradually fallen off, chiefly due to the Holi festival upon which we have entered. All that came to hand during the week was 3704 Bojas of mixed qualities. Our prices have undergone no change. The hot winds have commenced blowing, and the weather during the last few days has been very sultry.

Bhingnghat, 23rd.—The holidays which we are having have totally put a stop to any supplies coming forward. The total arrivals during the week only amount to 10 Bojas, quality of which was very fine.

Oomrawutee, 25th.—Owing to holidays this has been a very slack week, supplies not having averaged more than 200 bales a day. We accept things to revive again immediately, for a short time at least.

Sheogaum, 25th.—The past week has been very hot; our arrivals have fallen off considerably, only 2,000 Bojas having come in. This is attributed by some to the Holy festivities, but I am afraid that the season is drawing to a close, as the quantity of the Cotton coming in is not so good. We have received 47,000 Bojas to-date, and expect 5,000 to 10,000 more.

Moorzapore, 26th.—The weather early in the week was cloudy and threatening; only a few drops of rain fell, however, since which it has been fine. Supplies have been scant, owing to holidays. It is estimated that only about 300 Bojas more have to come forward, and that our season will be over by the middle of next month.

Khamgaum, 25th.—The weather continues fine, but very hot. Natives report about three annas more of the crop to come in. Supplies have been small this week on account of the Holi holidays.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE BARQUE LOUISA, 881 tons, Captain J. A. Bash, sailed yesterday for London, with a general cargo.

THE ERIC VESTAL, 88 tons, Nacoda, sailed yesterday for Mozambique, with a general cargo.

THE S.S. CADUCEUS, 1,179 tons, Captain J. Sutcliffe, arrived in harbour, on the 26th instant, from Newcastle (Feburary 17th), calling at Malta, and Port Said via the Suez Canal, with a cargo of 1,828 tons Coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. James Mackintosh & Co.

THE S.S. PHLOX, 141 tons, Captain T Jones, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Cutwar, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs. Mr. John Mailey. For different ports.—Thirty five deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's S.S. INDUS, 653 tons, Captain J. Henderson, arrived here on the 25th inst., from Kurrachee, via Kutch and Coast, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Col. Hastings, Major Brown, and two hundred and nineteen deck passengers.

THE S.S. PEARL, 366 tons, Captain G. Doerf, arrived here on the 26th inst., from Coast and Cutwar (March 23), with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs. Smith, and Mr. Fonseca, eight second class and one hundred and five deck passengers. She sailed on Saturday last for the same ports with a general cargo and twenty-five deck passengers.

THE B.I.S.N. Co's S.S. AVA, 1,708 tons, J. Patterson sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—

For Cutwar.—Mr. Veil.
For Mangalore.—Rev. Mr. Veil.
For Colombo.—Mr. and Mrs. B. Smith, and Mr. W. Rankin.
For different ports.—Eight deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
22	India (s)	Henderson	Kurrachee, March 22.
26	Cadmus (s)	Sutcrley	Newcastle, Feb. 17.
27	Pearl (s)	Doert	Cutwar, March 23.
	Bargarry	Gent	Greenock, Dec. 29.
	War Spirit	Duncan	Greenock, Nov 27.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
26	Punjaub (s)	Stevenson	P Gu'f, via Kurrachee.
	Secundershaw	Nacoda	C ch n.
27	Phl x (s)	Jones	Cutwar and Cu r ar.
	Pearl (s)	Doert	Coast and C war.
	Ava (s)	Patterson	Coast and Calcut a.
	Vindonora (s)	Urydon	Revel.
28	Berenguria	Johnst n	Liverpool.
	Vestal	Nacoda	Mozambique.
	Louisa	Bach	London.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Kashgar, to Aden, Suez, &c.
Steamer Bombady, to China, &c.
Steamer India, to Kurrachee and Kurrachee.
Steamer Timor, to Liverpool.
Steamer Kund, to Havre.
Ship Pesun Uamba, to Liverpool.
Ship Octavia, to Havre.

CALCUTTA.

Mar.	ARRIVALS.	
23	Sir J. Lawrence (s)	Balwin ..... Akyab, Mar ch 20.
	Tiger (s)	Burne ..... Bombay, Feb. 27.
24	Himalaya	Clinton ..... Melbon, March 20.
	Serat	Burne ..... Southampt n, Feb. 11.

	DEPARTURES.	
22	North	.....
	Iron Duke	.....
	Simla	.....
23	Star of India	.....
	Sultan	.....
	Kedgeree	.....
	Lord Ashburton	.....
	Kenyon	.....
	Scotia	.....
	Carkw	.....
	City of Carthage	.....
	Hoppet	.....

MADRAS.

Mar.	ARRIVALS.	
24	Bagdad (s)	Rangoon.
	Clyde (s)	Bombay.

Mar.	DEPARTURE.	
25	Carsewitch	Rangoon.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Ardgowar, 500 bales cotton, Goddum and Co.
Calderdale s, 1,283 cwts hemp, Mooljee Jaitha and Co; 100 bales wool, Cullianjee Futtanuher.
Acton s, 9 cwts coir yarn, 1 compa Nurses; 130 bales cotton, Nowrojee Sorabjee; 75 bales cotton, Greaves Cotton and Co; 100 bales cotton, The L A and A Co.
Sangtee s, 600 bales cotton, Ire l Co ele and Co.
Parkana, 40 bales wool, Burjorjee Vimanjee.
Clive s, 15 bales cotton, Goddum and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Carmichael, 33 cwts hemp, N Alla Bux; 200 b les cotton, Vulkart Brothers.
Lemias, 273 cwts linseed, Ritchie Steuart and Co.
Dacoon s, 3 bundles and 2 cases Canton silk, Sh Cook Moomun; 37 boxes aloes cocotra, Rajjetbhoy Laljee; 2 boxes shawls, H H Rajjee Ashun; 17 cwts ivory, Mahomedbhoy Adamjee; 33 cwts ivory, H S H jee Abdoola; 3 cwts ivory, Currimbh. G/ Ebrum; 4 cwts ivory, Munnishanker Hurryshanker.

FOR HAVRE.

Rialto, 100 bales cotton, Jules Siegfried and Co.
Celestial Empire, 830 bales cotton, Geo ge Lockhart and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Kashgar s, 730 bags coffee, P and O S N Co.
Kashgar s, 91 bags seeds, 892 bags coff e, and 251 bags pepper, P and O S N Co.
John Howard s, 3521 cwts wheat, Finlay Scott and Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

Persia s, 1,601 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Lombardy s, 170 bales cotton, Nurcee Kessowjee and Co.

HIGH COURT.—29TH MARCH.

(Before the Honorable SIR CHARLES SARGENT, KT.)

LONG CAUSES.

305-74—A Framjee—Manockjee Framjee v Dwarkadas Hargovandas—Shapoorjee and Thanrdas—Part heard.
350-74—Clark and Turner—Bhicoo Emna v Esoo Emna—Jefferson and Payne.
133-74—Shapoorjee and Thanrdas—Eduljee Rustomjee S v Eduljee Rustomjee B—Hearn, Cleveland and Lee-Warner
410-74—Lynch and Tyabjee—Rasoombhoy Goolam Hoosein v Sell-y Mahomed Succhadeena Settled.
419-74—Present and Winter—Raghunath Vunesh v Bhaco Raghunath and others—Tyabji and Syani.
422-74—Crugie Lynch and Gwen—Khatao Mukanjee v His Highness Aga Khan—Settled
425-74—Jefferson and P—Bai Panchee v Veerjee Jairam—Shearme.
91-75—Mundil—Fhaichand Jumnad s v Henry Gamble—Remington, Hore and Langley—Settled.
130-74—Macfarlane and Shepherd—Furkeerwah o v Keekabhoy Abdool Ally—Fletcher and Smith.
367-74—A Framjee—Sewjee Damjee v Nathoo Appajee and others—In person.
617-73—Tyabjee and Syani—Khulphan Ruttonsey v Jasiram Khoosroom—Shapoorjee and Thanrdas.
90-74—M H Khan—Dhurmsey Purshotum v Ghanchee Isab Mahomed and others—P Cowasjee.

(Before the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

At 12 o'clock.

SUMMARY SUIT.

131-75—Becknell Goma Pita v Davidas Purshotumdas—Jefferson and Payne.

LONG CAUSES.

229-73—Remington, Hore and Langley—Parvuttibai widow of Morarjee Gocouldas and others—Tyabjee and Syani—Part heard.
18-75—I person—Cursetjee Burjorjee v Navabai widow—Jefferson and Payne
467-74—Jefferson and P—Custoor Saila and others v Vundrawun Vizial and others—Chandulbhoy.
104-75—Ghandulbhoy—Vundrawun Vizial v Custoor Saila and others—Jefferson and P.

(Before the Honorable Mr. JUSTICE GREEN.)

LONG CAUSES.

210-73—M H Khan—Narrayen Juggonnath v Ramchund Dinanath—Tyabjee and S.
200-72—Crugie L and O—Ebrahim bin Rajub v Hurnath Roopjee—Jefferson and P.
825-74—Crawford and P—Foakhoo widow v Gomtibai widow—Shapoorjee and T.
190-74—Present and W—Nuserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia v The Trustees of the Port of Bombay—Hearn C and L.
309-74—In person—Munguldas Vuljee and another v Jehangirshaw Framjee—Anderson.
700-71—Shapurji and T—Jumadeen Balkissondas v Shaik Abdul bin Salim—Macfarlane and S
317-74—Shamrao—Anaji v Sukaram Pandit v Anundrow Vinaek and another—M M Munshi.
272-74—Fearn, C and L—Ahmed bin Hajee Mahomed v Trimonjee Welljee and Co.—Shamrao.
320-71—Mr. Fletcher—Ashubai widow of Oosman v Ballabai widow.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 25.

Kins, Major, Bl 1st P I, on fur, from Dehra Ghajee Khan.
Hastings, Col, By. R A, on duty, from Kurrachee.
Waghorn, Surg, Ms Bri Med Ser, on duty, from Ramandroog.

MARCH 26.

Fixott, Lt, By R A, to join C 4th Bri Belgaum, from Darjeeling.
Caldecott, Capt, By R A, Comy of O d, to appear before a med board from Hydrabad.

DEPARTURES—MARCH 26.

Mackenzie, Capt, Bl R H A, on duty, to Seal Kote.
Finch, Major, Bl R A, to join, to Jullundur.

MARCH 26.

McGregor, Lt-Col, Bl—on fur, to England.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF,
Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters.
Poona, 27th March 1875.

Lieut-Col Sir John Loui , Bart, Infantry, is placed on general duty, Surat.

Surgeon Major H J Blane, M D, is placed on general duty, Bombay, with effect from the 16th instant.

Surg on A H Richards, Army Med Dept, is placed on general duty, Poona Circle, and will accompany the 2nd Battalion, 15th Foot, proceeding to Poona.

Surgeon J D Crowe, Army Med Dept, is placed on general duty Poona Circle, and will accompany the E Battery, 4th Bde, R A proceeding to Khan

With reference to G O C No 163 of the 13th instant, Colonel H stings will proceed to England instead of Malta, as therein ordered.

With reference to G O C No—of 24 h instant, Surgeon W W Tomlinson is also appointed to do duty with the Troops proceeding to England in H M's Indian Troopship Jumna on the 29th instant, and will travel expeditiously by rail to Bombay at the public expense.

The undermentioned is reported to have passed the required examination in Hindustani according to the Lower Standard Test :—

Surgeon W Donovan, Army Medical Dept.

No 1147 Serjeant William Herbert, 2-d Regt, is appointed Garrison Serjeant Major Bombay, with effect from the 11th ultimo.

The following orders are confirmed :—

North ern Division Order—D ted 15th March 1875, appointing Lieut W Martin, F Battery, 4th Bde, R A, to command the Technical Sanitarium, from the 25th March 1875.

29th Regt N I (2nd Belooch)—R gtl Order, dated 12th March 1875, directing Capt Hogg to officiate as 2nd in Comd, and Capt Bryant as Wing Officer in addition to his other duties, as a temporary measure, in succession to Lieut Col Davis, offg as Commandant.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

Ro al Artillery—Quarter Master W Graham, 6th Bde, in England, from 15th Feb to 14th August 1875, on medical certificate.

2nd Foot 1st Battalion—Lieut R N Hitchins, from date of departure, for thirty days, on private affairs, pending retirement.

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.
(*Calcutta Gazette*, March 24.)

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

The services of Mr Augustus Rivers Thompson, a Secy to the Govt of Bl, are placed at the disposal of the Govt of India in the Home Dept.

Mr Rose Lewis Maugles, V C, Offg Judge of Hooghly, i appointed to act as a Secy to the Govt of Bl during the absence, on du y, of Mr Rivers Thompson, or until further orders.

Mr James Cruickshank Geddes is appointed to act, until further orders, as Dist and Sessions Judge of Shahabad, from the date on which he may relieve Mr A V Palmer.

Mr James Pratt, Offg Joint-Mag and Dep Coll, Mymensingh, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 49, Chapter VI, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 12th April 1875, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Maj Edward Yeamens Walcott, Bl S C, Asst Commr, Manbhoom is allowed leave for six w eks under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr Trevor John Chicheley Gaunt, Mag and Dep Coll of Howrah, is allowed leave for three mon hs, under Section 21, Chapter VI, of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 12th April 1875.

Mr Frederick Will am Voysey Peterson, is appointed to act as Mag and Dep Coll of Hooghly during the absence, on leave, of Mr T J C Grant, or until further orders.

Mr William Erskine Ward, M A, Offg Judge of Dinagepore, is appointed to act until further orders, as Dist and Sessions Judge of Hooghly.

Mr William Cornell, M A, Actg Second Addit onal Judge, 24-Pergunnahs and Hooghly, is appointed to act as Addit onal Judge, as Dist and Sessions Judge of Hooghly till relieved by Mr Ward.

Mr Thomas Smith, A, Dep Commr of Singhbhoom, Chaibar, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Dist and Ses ions Judge of Dma epore.

Captain Thomas Herbert Lewin is appointed to be Dep Commr of Cooch Behar.

Mr Albert Champion Mangles, Mag and Coll, of Patna, is allowed furlough for six months, under Section 10(a) of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days.

Mr Herbert Mosely is appointed to act as Mag and Coll of Patna during the absence, on leave, of Mr A C Mangles, or until further orders.

Mr Arthur Clifford Tute, Asst Mag and Coll, in charge of the Jumapore Division of the Moorshedabad Dist, is allowed leave for one mon h, under section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr Charles Armstrong Fisher acted in the first grade of Asst Supts of Police from the 25th October 1874 to the date on which he relieved Mr W H Cannis of his duties of Dist Supt of Police, Jessore.

Moulvi Syed Sadiq Al, Sub-Depy Coll, Tipore, is allowed leave for one month and fifteen days, under Section 21 Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Colonel Arthur Elderton, Bl S C, is appointed to act as Cantonment Mag of Barrackpore and Judge of the Small Cause Court of that Cantonment.

Mr Colman Patrick Lewis Macaulay, M A, is appointed to act temporarily as a Joint-Mag and Depy Coll of the First Grade in the 24-Pergunnas, from the date on which Mr J Crawford returns to duty as Acting Under-Secy to the Govt of Bengal.

Sir William James Hershel, Bart, is appointed to act as Commr of the Presy Division during the absence, on leave, of Lord H Ulick Browne, or until further orders.

Mr G orge Goodair Dey, A g Joint Mag and Depy Coll, Serun, is allowed leave for a fortnight, to enable him to present himself at the High Proficiency Examination in Bengali to be held in Calcutta in April next.

Mr John Edward Bevoor Jeffery, Offg Joint-Mag and Depy Coll, on leave, is appointed to be in charge of the Tajpore Division of the Durbhunga Dist.

Mr Skipwith Henry Churchill Taylor, Dist and Sessions Judge of Beerbhoom, is appointed to be a Judge of the first grade, vice A Hope, permitted to retire.

Mr Thomas Taylor Allen is appointed to be a Dist and Sessions Judge of the second grade, vice Mr S H C Tayler, promoted.

Mr Frederick William Voysey Peterson is appointed to be a Joint-Mag and Depy Coll of the first grade, vice Mr T Grant.

Mr Will am Fitzpatrick Meares is appointe to be a Joint-Mag and Depy Coll of the seco d grade. Mr Meares will cont nue to act as a Joint-Mag and Depy Coll of the first grade.

Mr Anthony John Richards Bainbridge, Dist and Sessions Judge of Burdwan, is appointed to be a Dist and Sessions Judge of the first grade, vice Mr A J Elliot, permitted to retire.

Mr John O'Kinealy is appointed to be a Dist and Sessions Judge of the seconi grade, vice Mr A J B Bainbridge. Mr O'Kinealy will continue to act as Supt and Re-embrancer of Legal Affairs.

Mr Charles Campbell Quinn is appointed to be a Joint-Mag and Depy Coll of the first gr de, vice Mr James O'Kinealy. Mr Quinn will continue to act as a Mag and Coll of the third grade.

Mr John James Livesay is appointed to be a Joint-Mag and Depy Coll of the second grade, vice Mr C C Quinn, but will continue to act in the first grade.

Mr Edward Vesey Westmacott, M A, is appointed to be a Joint Mag and Depy Coll of the first grade, vice Mr D Time, promote', but will continue to act as a Mag and Coll of the third grade in Dinagepore.

Mr William Rea Larminie, M A, Offg Mag and Coll, Bankoora, is allowed leave for three months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Mr John Arthur Hopkins, B L, is appointed to act as Mag and Coll of Bankoora, during the absence, on leave, of Mr W R Larminie, or until further orders.

Sir William James Hershel, Bart, Acting Commr of the Presidency Division, is appointed to be President of the Cooly Examination Committee for the ensuing examination of assistants and others, to be held on the 26th April next, in the place of Mr A Money, e s, on leave.

Subject to the approval of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, the Lieutenant Gover nor has appointed the Hon'ble Henry Lucas Dampier to be a Member of the Council of the Lieutenant Gover nor of Bl for the purpose of making laws and regulations.

The Rev J Albyrigh Mackay, B D, Acting Senior Chaplain of St Pa l's Cathedral, Calcutta, is allowed furlough for two years, under Section 5 (a), Supplement E of the Civil Leave Co de, together with subsidiary leave for a period not exceed ng thirty days, with effect from the 24th March 1875.

The Rev A N W Spens, Second Chaplain of St Paul's Cathedral, is appointed to act as Senior Chaplain of the Presidency Jail, with effect from the 24th instant, during the absence, on leave, of the Rev B T Atlay, or until further orders.

The Rev William Mi ler is appointed as Registrar of Marriages for Calcutta, under Section 7, Act X of 1865, vice the Rev J Buckley.

Mr A W Garrett, Actg Principal of the Dacca Colle'e, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the date of Mr J W Brennand's retirement.

Mr William Francis is appointed to act as Sub-Depy Opium Agent of Azimgurh from the date on which he received charge of that Sub-Division from Mr H Osborne till received by Mr Meadhan.

Dr Sidney Somerford Lynch, Depy Inspector of Jails, is appointed to have temporary charge of the office of Inspector of Jails, with effect from the date on which he received charge of the office from Mr W L Heaviside.

Surgeon Major J H Thornton, Civil Surg of Shahabad is allowed leave for ten days, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 18th April 1875.

Asst Surg Kemi hanath Acherjee, in charge of the Burdwan Med Dept, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st April 1875.

Surg J L Corbett, M D, S A, is appointed to the Medical charge of the Lock Hos ital at Barrackpore, from the date on which he received charge of that institution from Surg J Bourke.

Mr J J Hunton, Acting Asst Shipping Master, Calcutta, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the date of Mr C Bridger's retirement. Mr Hunton will continue to hold his temporary appointm nt as Depy Shipping Master, Calcutta, pending Mr Ellis' return.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES ORDERS.

(*North-Western Provinces Gazette*, March 27.)

Mr C L Louis As t Dist Supt of Police, Jhansi, privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 1st May, 1875.

Mr C T Castle, Dist Supt of Police, Etaw h, three months' privilege leave, with effect from the 15th April 1875.

Captain H C Fa an Assist Inspector-ral, Govt Railway Police, North-Western Provinces, privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 25th March, 1875, or subsequent date.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr C W Mellor, Joint Mag and Depy Coll, 2nd grade, furlough to Europe for one year six months and twenty four days, with effect from the 1st April, 1875, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

Mr J Sladen, Mag and Coll, Muzaffarnagar, furlough to Europe for seven months, with effect from the 1st April, 1875, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

Mr F C Buck, Director, Department of Agriculture and Commerce, North-Western Provi ces, six and a half months' furlough, with effect from the 1st April, 1875, together with the usual subsi iary leave.

Mr W R N J mes, Assistant Commr, Jalaun, the c months' privilege leave, with effect from the 1st April, 1875.

Mr C Donovan, Offg Joint Mag and Depy Coll, Agra, privilege leave for 42 days, with effect from the 15th May, 1875.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgn-Maj A Christison, Civil Surgn, Agra, three months' privilege leave, with effect from the 10th April, 1875.

GENERAL (MEDICAL) DEPARTMENT.

Mr C Platts, Head-ma ter, Zilla School, Aligrah, one year's furlough, 8th effect from the 12th March, 1875, or subsequent date, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

Surgn-maj G n Hadow, Offg Civ l Surgn, Mainpuri, to be Supt of the Jail at that station.

Mr E A Wallace, Offg Assit Dist Supt of police, Agra, to officiate as Dist Supt of Police, Futehpur, during the absence on leave of Mr Hicks, or until further orders.

Mr R L Heanessey, Offg Asst Dist Supt of Police, Bareilly, to officiate as Dist Supt of Police, Et wah, during the absence on leave of Mr Castle, or until further orders.

Mr E Foste, Asst Dist Sup of Police, Cawnpore, to officiate as Dist Sup of Police Cawnpore, dur ng the absence on le ve of Captain Ollivant, or until further orders.

Mr R J Crosthwaite, Joint Mag a d Depy Coll, Pehra Dun, to be Judge of the Small Cause Court, Allahabad, temporar ly, vice Mr T W Wawins.

Mr R D Alexander, Asst Mag and Colr, Farukhabad, to be Asst Supt and Jud e, Small Cause Court, Dehra Dun, vice Mr R J Crosthwaite.

Mr C H T Crosthwaite, Settlement Officer, 1st grade, to officiate as Secy to the Boa d of Revenue, North-Western Provinces, until further orders, with effect from the date of taking charge.

Mr A Sells, Joint Mag and Depy Coll, 1st g ade, to officiate as Mag and Collector, Muzaffarnagar, during the absence on leave of Mr J Sladen, or until further orders.

GENERAL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Surgn Maj G B Hadow, whose servic s have been placed at the disposal of this Govt by the Govt of India, Military Dept, to officiate as Civil Surg, 2nd class, and to be posted to Mainpuri.

Surg-Maj A H Hilson, Civil Surg, Naini Tal, to officiate as Civil Surg Agra, during the absence on privilege leave of Surg-Maj A Christison, or na'il further orders.

Surg Maj J R Jackson, Civil Surg, Farukhabad, to officiate as Civil Surg, Naini al, vice Surg-Maj A H Hilson

GENERAL (EDUCATIONAL) DEPARTMENT

Mr T A Cookey to officiate as head-master, Z la School, Aligarh, during the absence on leave of Mr C Platts, or until further o ders

Mr H G Pearse, Asst Mag and Colr, from Cawnpore to Farrukhabad

Mr J W Harris, Asst Mag and Colr, from Bijnor to Meerut.

Mr A M Markham, Offg Joint Mag and Depy Colr, 1st grade, from Allahabad to Sharanpur.

GENERAL (MEDICAL) DEPARTMENT

Surg Maj J R Jackson, Civil Surg, 2nd class, from Manpoori to Farukhabad.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

The Notification from this Dept, No 404A, dated the 5th March, 1875, transferring Mr H Fraser, from Asst Mag and Colr, from Agra to Mirzapur is hereby cancelled.

OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE,

Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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Latest Telegrams.
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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES, THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

CHATFIELD—M rch 26th, at Mahableshwar, the wife of Mr. K M Chatfield of a s n.

ELLIOTT—March 27th, at Matheran, the wife of F. A. H. Elliot, Esq, C. S., of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

EZRA—MOSES—March 25th, at the Synagogue, Byculla, Joseph, eldest son of E. E. Ezra, Esq., of Calcutta, to Rachel, youngest daughter of M. S. Moses, Esq., Kay's Hall, Byculla.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

KENNY—March 19th, at Woodcot, Ootacamund, the wife of A. F. Kenny, Esq., of a son.

SULLIVAN—March 24th, at Kirkee, the wife of Lieut Gerald Sullivan Royal Engineers, of a daughter.

LOWIS.—March 24th, at 10, Mission Row, Calcutta, the wife of Captain R. F. Lowis, Royal Artillery, of a son.

DEATH.

CLAYTON—March 21st, at Colaba, James, eldest son of Thomas Clayton, of Pishkin, aged 28 years, 2 months, and 21 days. English papers please copy.

WILL BE SHORTLY PUBLISHED,
THE REVOLUTION AT BARODA 1874-75
by DINSHAH ARDESHIR TALEYARKHAN; in demy octavo, about 60 pp, Re 1.
Rajpipla, 22nd March 1875.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office, should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette.

MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1875.

THE Baroda Commissioners have not yet completed the work of preparing their report for the consideration of the Government of India. On Saturday the various members of the Commission handed in their written opinions on the question of the guilt or innocence of Mulharrao; and to-morrow (Tuesday) a final meeting will be held to settle the terms of the report. The wildest rumours have been current during the week as to the verdict the Commissioners are likely to find, and the natives generally seem now, the wish being father to the thought, to have become quite confident that the Gaekwar will be acquitted. This confidence is founded chiefly on the extraordinary conduct of one member of the Commission, Sir Dinkur Rao, who even before the Commissioners left Baroda did not conceal, and who since his arrival in Bombay has apparently sought every means of proclaiming, his belief that the whole case against Mulharrao was the fruit of a conspiracy of the police, and that the only native witness who had given his evidence honestly was Hemchund Futteychund, the jeweller. Sir Dinkur Rao has a right to his opinion, but some strong feeling must have been at work to make him throw off the reserve his duty to the Government and to his colleagues alike required him to maintain till the Commission had concluded its deliberations. Nor is Sir Dinkur Rao, unfortunately, the only member of the Commission who has shown a lack of discretion in this matter. The Maharaja Scindia is understood to have been almost equally explicit in declaring his resolution to vote against the conviction of the Gaekwar. The Maharaja of Jeypore, alone of the three native members, has observed a judicious and honourable reticenceas to the course he intends to adopt; but, if rumour can be trusted, it is possible that he too may have been at last persuaded to listen to the warnings and entreaties of Mulharrao's friends, and that the Commission may be equally divided in opinion, the three European members voting for, and the three native members against, a conviction. If this should be the lamentable result of the Inquiry, the Government will have cause to regret the liberty of action it gave the Commissioners in allowing them to come down from Baroda and consider their report at leisure in Bombay. Had the Commissioners remained in seclusion at Baroda the whole business of finding a verdict might have been quickly arranged. But, when they came here, and were dispersed about the city, it was idle to expect that the sense of honour of the native Commissioners would make them refuse to hold any communication with the active and unscrupulous advocates of Mulharrao's cause. Nor was it likely that the counsel, legal and other, for the defence, would neglect so splendid an opportunity of winning over the Rajas to their side. Whoever has contrasted the temperate, well-knit, argument of the Advocate-General with the licentious, reckless harangue of Serjeant Ballantine must understand in what a different spirit the prosecution and the defence in this case have been throughout conducted; and, while Mr. Scoble and his colleagues might be trusted to show the most scrupulous anxiety not even to speak on the subject of the trial to the Commissioners till they had agreed upon their verdict, we are not surprised to hear that the clever vakeel who has the management of the defence has been most assiduous in calling upon Sir Dinkur Rao and Scindia. Indeed, we shall expect to see in the written opinions of the Commissioners abridgments of the speeches which the junior counsel for the defence would have liked to deliver in open court. Direct access, we believe, could not be obtained to the Maharaja of Jeypore; but Sir Dinkur Rao was kind enough to take upon himself the task of converting this refractory colleague.

It is not difficult to conjecture the nature of the arguments with which the Rajas have been assailed. No matter how great a criminal Mulharrao may be, the appointment of the Commission of Inquiry was a blow struck at the independence of the princely order in India. The Government of India, indeed, prides itself on the political sagacity it has shown in persuading Scindia and Jeypore to sit on the Commission and thus to establish a precedent for trying any other native prince before a similar tribunal. The experiment, however, must be judged by its result. If it succeed, to Lord Northbrook will belong the credit of having laid the foundation of a new Imperial system; if it fail, it will be condemned as one of those grave political mistakes which carry with them the seeds of revolution. We doubt if Scindia would in any case have admitted the precedent set in Mulharrao's case as binding against himself; but it is now not improbable that he accepted the invitation of the Government of India with the view of saving the Gaekwar from an ignominious fate. He would not, after the exposure of the Nana Sahib trick, offend the British Government by refusing the invitation; and possibly, had he been kept out of the reach of his countrymen at Bombay, he might, after all, have voted with such competent and disinterested judges of the worth of evidence as Sir Richard Couch, Sir Richard Meade, and Mr. P. S. Melvill. But, when the vision was presented to him of reconciling himself with the Mahratta nation and being accepted by them as their legitimate leader, we cannot wonder that his heart was strongly stirred, and that the longing to become a new Bajee Rao lent additional force to his natural disinclination to help the British Government in dethroning a sovereign prince. As for Sir Dinkur Rao, it is enough to say that he is a Brahmin, and to remember that the Mahratta princes have always been regarded by the Brahmins as chosen instruments for restoring the supremacy of the Brahminical faith. Not only the family of the Peishwas, themselves Brahmins, but all the Mahratta Chiefs, fought for the triumph of their religion as well as their race, and that the Brahmins still cling to the surviving chiefs is shown by the recent processions at Poona to pray for Mulharrao and by the singular unanimity of the Hindoos in advocating the same cause. The Maharaja of Jeypore, himself a Rajpoot, is in no way influenced by the patriotic feelings of the Mahrattas; but the representations of Sir Dinkur Rao would of course carry great weight with him, and he may not have had the strength of character to stand by his first opinion.

We have taken the liberty of assuming that only political feeling can have led the Rajas to believe in Mulharrao's innocence, because it is absurd for them to use the pretext that the legal evidence is insufficient, when the European Commissioners, who have had long practice in sifting native evidence, are agreed as to its sufficiency. If any one of the three European Commissioners maintains the view of the Rajas, of course our argument falls to the ground. But, supposing the Commissioners to be arranged three against three, so that the verdict will depend on the casting vote of Sir Richard Couch, the Government of India will be fully justified in concluding that Mulharrao's guilt has been legally proved. The evil results of the protest made by the Rajas will be seen in the stimulus given not only to political agitation in India—where every native will believe that the Gaekwar has been unjustly condemned—but to the agitation which will be carried on by the Gaekwar's friends at home. Lord Northbrook's experiment has, in short, landed the Government in a mess from which, we fear, no statesmanship will be able to extricate it without woful loss of reputation and fortune.

WE have been requested to contradict the statement that Bhow Poonakur is "in trouble." The Judge of Surat, Mr. Birdwood, has *not* passed a severe censure on his conduct, and it is *not* likely that he will be prosecuted for forgery. Bhow Poonakur was appointed by Mr. Hope official manager of the estate of Meer Zoolfikar Ali, a ward under British protection in England. The estate of this minor is much involved, and in protection of Meer Zoolfikar Ali's interests M

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS FOR THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THE VICEROY AT DELHI.

CAMP, DELHI 27TH MARCH.

The Hon'ble B. H. Ellis has been here; he left the Lieutenant-Governor's Camp last night for Bombay. The Viceregal party returned this morning from the Kootub. Sir Henry Norman is here. It is believed there will be an Executive Council meeting to-day. The Viceroy leaves by special train at 9-30 on Monday morning; he arrives at Rajpoora at four, whence he goes on to Puttialla, where magnificent arrangements are being made for his reception. A Troop of the 15th Hussars have been sent there for escort duty. The Rifle Brigade leave here on Monday. On Tuesday they leave for Umballa.

THE MAHARAJA OF CASHMERE.

LAHORE, 26TH MARCH.

The Viceroy leaves Delhi for Puttialla on the 29th. The Maharaja of Cashmere visits Simla; he is expected at Sealkote on the 2nd and at Lahore on the 3rd proximo where he stays three days.

COLONEL BROWNE'S EXPEDITION.—THE VICEROY.—N. W. PROVINCES.

ALLAHABAD, 28TH MARCH.

Dr. Anderson and the Seikh escort of Colonel Browne's expedition from Burmah to China returned to Calcutta on Thursday last. The Viceroy will arrive at Kalka on the morning of the 1st proximo and will be at Simla the next day. Mr. Hopkins, Controller of Accounts and Military Works, Simla, proceeds to England on the 1st proximo on three months, leave. Colonel Melliss, of the Bombay Staff Corps, Executive Engineer, Poona Division, officiates as Controller. Dr. Pilcher, of the Central Jail, Agra, goes to Calcutta as Sanitary Commissioner. Mr. J. Williams is to be removed from Oudh to another Province the Government of India refusing to accede to Sir George Couper's request that he be tried by special commission.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE "GUSTAV" DIFFICULTY.

LONDON, 27TH MARCH.

Germany has proposed a mixed Commission to arrange the difficulty arising out of the "Gustav" affair, conditional upon the payment of 10,000 thalers as an instalment; to which conditions Spain has agreed.

News has been received of the escape of twenty more Communists from New Caledonia. The Austro-Roumanian Commercial Convention has concluded its sittings.

The Supreme Court has confirmed and the Sultan has sanctioned the death sentences passed on the criminals who were concerned in the Podgoritza affair.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, 28TH MARCH.

The s.s. Delhi with outward mails for Bombay left at seven o'clock this evening.

LONDON, 25TH MARCH, APT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats freely offered.

The London Cotton Market has been quiet but steady.

Fair Dholleras,[5].	
Exchange on India	1-9[2] to 15/16
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	92[1]
4[1] do do	94
5[1] do do	100
3 per cent. Consols for account	93
5 do. French Rente 1872.....	102[1]
Bar Silver	57[1]

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Reserve of Notes ...	**£9,437,590.**	**Dec. £250,000.**
Bills discounted.....	**£21,187,500.**	**Inc. £812,500.**
Bullion.....	**£21,250,000.**	**Inc. £125,000.**

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	**63,000 bales.**	
Do do Surats	**10,000**	**do**
Do do Imports of Cotton..	**123,000**	**do**
Do do Surats	**11,000**	**do**
Do do Stock of Cotton....	**830,000**	**do**
Do do Surats	**143,000**	**do**

Surats during the week have been in fair request. Departure for Bombay via Suez Canal—Palestine.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, 26TH MARCH 3 P.M.

Steamer Peshawar, from Aden arrived.

MADRAS, 26TH MARCH, 7 P.M.

H. M. S. Clyde sailed for Northern Ports.

GALLE, 27TH MARCH, 6-27 P.M.

Mail Steamer Gwalior from Bombay arrived.

SIR LEWIS PELLY.

SIR LEWIS PELLY goes home by the mail of this day fortnight, the 12th of April. The Government of India has, in granting Sir Lewis leave to go on furlough, renewed in most flattering and generous terms the expression of its entire satisfaction with the manner in which the Baroda Mission has been conducted. At the special request of the Government, Sir Richard Meade has reluctantly consented to go to Baroda in Sir Lewis Pelly's place as Governor-General's Agent, instead of returning to his much pleasanter appointment at Bangalore.

MURDER OF A SUBEDAR BY A SEPOY AT TANNA.

On Thursday night at 9 o'clock a sepoy of H. M's 7th Regt. N. I. on the Jail guard at Tanna, shot dead a Subedar of the same Regiment when going his rounds. The cause of the act is not known.

THREE murderers, now in the Tanna Jail, will be hanged at Tanna on the morning of Tuesday next.

THE Directors of the Bank of Bengal raised the rate of interest and discount one per cent. all round at their meeting on Thursday last.

There is no change to notice in the crop and weather report for the N. W. Provinces for the week ending 27th March. The harvest is in progress and in some parts is nearly over.

THE people at Goa are daily looking out for their new Governor-General, the Honourable General Tavares de Almeida, who, it was understood, would leave Lisbon, on the 15th of last month.

Two tracts of country in the Chittagong Hill Tracts, one estimated to contain 217,000 acres, and the other about 5,000 acres, have been declared by the Bengal Government to be set aside as reserved forests.

MADRAS anticipates a visit from the Prince of Wales and hopes that His Royal Highness will lay the foundation stone of the new Harbour, unless that undertaking should happen to be commenced before the Prince arrives in India, which is very probable.

THE Hashed tribes have not yet made their submission to the Governor-General of Yemen. It is said that ammunition and stores are being sent from Saana to Amean where the Turkish forces are encamped. The districts around Aden are quiet and supplies are plentiful.

THE Wing of the 4th Regiment M. N. I under orders for Burmah has arrived at Madras from Palaveram, and is encamped on the north glacis of the Fort. It was to embark either on Thursday or a Friday last on board the ship *Czarewitch* which will be towed by the Steamer *Bagdhad*.

COLONEL WIDDICOMBE, the District and Session Judge of Kurrachee, arrived there by steamer on Monday last. He will act as Judicial Commissioner in Scinde until the return of Mr. Wedderburn, when he will revert to his permanent appointment, relieving Mr. Cordeaux, who will return to the Deccan.

THE Commander-in-Chief's tour will take him to Lucknow in the first instance *via* Benares. He will be at the Oudh capital from the 31st of this month to the 4th of next inclusive, at Seetapore on the 5th and 6th of April, at Lucknow again on the 7th, at Agra on the 8th, at Muttra on the 9th and 10th, and at Lahore on the 13th.

WE are given to understand that Mr. S. A. Johnson has prepared and submitted to the Town Council further extended proposals for his scheme, accompanied by a demonstration of the capabilities and capacity of the Vehar Main in respect of the Vehar-cum-Tulsi improvements of the water-supply of Bombay.

THE quantity of cotton brought to Bombay during the week ending the 20th March, from stations on the G. I. P. Railway in the Central Provinces and Berar, amounted to 19,651 full pressed bales and 992 dokras. This sum added to the previous quantity makes the grand total 230,209 full pressed bales and 4,422 dokras which is 38,433 bales more than last year.

WE regret to hear that the health of the Bishop of Bombay is such as to compel him, in obedience to medical advice, to go home at once. His Lordship and family will leave by the Mail steamer on Monday week the 5th April. At the services on Good Friday and on Sunday at the Cathedral the prayers of the congregation were desired on behalf of the Bishop.

A QUESTION having been raised by the judge of Bhagalpur, whether, in a district where the system of paying rent in kind prevails, a ryot has the right to deposit in court such portion of the value of his produce as represents the rent admittedly due to the zemindar, the High Court Calcutta has decided that it is quite consistent with the law that such deposits should be allowed.

MR. Taylor, B. C. S., who formerly investigated the position of affairs at the Bank of Madras, is now auditing the accounts of the Bank of Bengal. It is generally believed that some action will be taken by Government, when the above-named gentleman's report of his audit is sent in, as to the future terms of agreement between the Government and the Presidency Banks.

A MOVEMENT is being made to induce the Government to bestow a pension on the late Lieutenant Holcombe's mother and sisters, who were entirely dependent on him. Lieutenant Holcombe fell a victim to the Naga savages and may perhaps have put more trust in them than was prudent, but he was a very brave young officer and had done much valuable work, and died in the service of the State and in the zealous performance of his duty.

THE Government of India have desired the Mysore Government to furnish them with details regarding whence Cotton in that Province was imported and whither it was exported during the past year. The uses to which the article is turned in Bangalore, the method of conveyance, by roads or railway, &c. are also to be noted. The exported cotton brings in a value of not more than a fifth of the imported stuff, and this is to be accounted for.

REFERRING to the "Purloined Resolution"7 obtained by means of the Gaekwar's Agent in London, Hurrachand Chintamon, the *Pioneer* correctly observes, "these Agents are the most unsatisfactory specimens of the native abroad; and it is a pity that they should have it in their power to meddle in Indian politics at Westminster, where nothing can be made either of them or their grievances, and where all they can do is to spend their employers' money."

THE Bokhara correspondent of the Lahore paper states that with reference to the notification that Turkomans can enlist themselves in the Russian Army, some Turkomans bordering on the outskirts of Chikkend have now applied to be engaged, and accordingly have been enlisted. We are at the same time also informed that other tribes who were anxious to join the Russian Army have also done so, and that other respectable men have also applied for appointments suitable to their rank in any other capacity.

FROM the latest district reports for Bengal, published on Thursday last we see that rain was wanted in Bankura, Midnapur, Hughli (where most of the tanks are dry), the 24 Parganas, Jessor, Rajshahi, Pabna, Faridpur, Puri, and Balasor. There have been hailstorms in several districts, but not much damage has been done, except in Chittagong, where the storms of the 10th and 11th have done much damage to the tea, and in some villages in Noakhali, where 200 huts were blown down, one woman and a child and nine head of cattle killed, and eight men and three cattle injured.

ON Friday week last His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor gave a garden party of a unique kind at Belvedere; the visitors assembled at half past 9 o'clock in the evening, and in the beams of a bright moon promenaded the spacious garden of the house, which was rendered an enchanting rendezvous by lamps, Bankhoux, awnings and a band of music. The effect was fairy like, especially that of a group of Chinese lanterns partially concealed in a bed of ferns The taste of a true artist was apparent in every detail, and the guests were highly delighted, (exclaims the *Friend of India*) the more so as Sir Richard and Lady Temple "did the honours" most graciously.

The Chaplain of Ootacamund, in his afternoon sermon last Sunday week, expressed a hope that "Badminton" would not deter people from being present at Divine service on Good Friday. It appears that on Good Friday last year, Badminton had the largest share of visitors and residents. If a straw indicates how the wind blows, this trifling feature in the character and disposition of the Ootacamund community is proof of the local status of piety. On the other hand this little bit of outspokenness from the pulpit is, perhaps, an indication of an emergence by persons generally from the clouds of "goody-goody" sermonizing into the clear atmosphere of every-day realities.

AN unfortunate man writes to a contemporary that he has tried to get the Magistrate to make him and his wife vagrants but has failed. Being out of work he went to seek it, but could find no means of support. He applied to a Magistrate in Lucknow for aid, but could only get it for himself if he put himself under the police as a vagrant. He asked the same 'privilege' for his wife, but was told to his great sorrow it could not be done. It seems there is some omission in the law on this point. A similar difficulty has occurred with the two women from Australia now in Bombay who had allied themselves with two Mahomedans. The Vagrancy Act has made provision for male vagrants only.

IN reply to a question from Government as to the earliest date at which it is expected by the Madras Railway authorities that the work of restoration of the ruined bridges on the North-West Line will be sufficiently advanced to permit of the resumption of night traffic, the officiating Chief Engineer expects that the repairs of the Cheyaur, Paupagnee, and Chittravatty bridges will be completed by about the middle of April. Mr. Going adds that the Pennair will be the last finished, probably about the end of May; but he adds that it is impossible to state this with any degree of certainty at present, and that he will be better able to give definite information at the end of the present month. An inspection is now being made of the restoration works, and a report thereon will be submitted shortly.

A short time ago the young Maharaja of Bijnee, having attained his majority, his estates, situated in the province of Assam, which were under the management of the Court of Wards during his minority, were handed over to him. He was up to that time prosecuting his studies at the Benares College. On getting the management of his estates, he appointed the Sheristadar of the Board of Revenue, one Poorno Chunder Roy, as his manager. The latter obtained a year's leave, and entered the Raja's service, but within three months he granted *Patwa* leases of the Raja's *Talooks* without his consent, and committed defalcations to the amount of twelve thousand rupees. He was ordered by his master to deposit a sum of about Rs. 4,000 in the Oriental Bank. It was afterwards found on inquiry that it had not been done. He has absconded, and the Maharaja has brought a charge against him before the Deputy Commissioner, Gowalparah.

IN reply to the Memorial of the Maisur Anglo-Indian Association urging the formation of Eurasian regiments, the Commander-in-Chief has sent the following note. "It has been apparently overlooked in the public discussions that, after 1857, there was an Eurasian Regiment of Cavalry, the Lahore Light Horse, the East Indian Regiment, and the Eurasian Battery. It was found that they naturally required all the expenses of food, clothing, and shelter that are necessary for regiments of European soldiers. I always objected to the reduction of these regiments on social and political grounds; but it was found that, as peace returned, and sources of employment opened out, a great many of the men could better themselves in civil employ, reserves fell short, and one by one the corps were reduced. I do not see room at present for their restoration; but, should opportunity occur, I should be found ready to support any measure leading to it."

THE Sydapett Farm has been a pet project of the Madras Government, but so far the progress of agricultural education which the Farm was expected to stimulate has been rather slow, if not actually disappointing. The Madras Government are not, however, disposed to give up all hope of turning the Sydapett Farm to some useful account and accordingly on the 19th instant issued an order that a course of lectures on agricultural subjects may be given, but considers that "all present needs on the part of Government will be met by having twelve stipendiary students in the first year, and the like number in the next. Those now under instruction may be allowed to remain under the new system, or to return to their homes, their expenses being paid, and a moderate gratuity granted." The experiment it is thought will turn out to be unprofitable for it is ordered that "Reading rooms, library, and museum are not required at present." A limit is also put to the time the experiment is to last. "After two years' experience" the Government remarks, "of the working of such a school, there will be means of judging whether the experiment is likely to be successful. As a knowledge of agriculture will be valuable and useful in itself, and united to other requisite educational attainments, will add to a youth's qualifications for employment in the Revenue and other departments of the public service, it will not be necessary to hold out any expectation of a continuance of the stipendiary system beyond the first two years."

A well-informed correspondent writes to the *Pall Mall Gazette* from Madrid:—The admonitory tone of the speeches made to King Alphonso by the representatives of Great Britain and Germany on presenting their credentials is not appreciated by the Spaniards; indeed, it has given some offence, and his Majesty by taking no notice of the political recommendations offered to him evinced his disapproval of the liberty taken. When, as usual, copies of the intended addresses were sent to the Foreign Office here, their style was criticized and the Royal answer drawn up in a very guarded manner. It is true that Alphonso XII. is a mere youth, but he has Ministers who are responsible for the government of the country, which, notwithstanding its fallen condition, is very jealous of foreign interference. If advice must be thrust upon him, it should be privately, in the cabinet of the Minister. The worst thing possible for British influence in Spain is meddling in her affairs, as was shown by the diplomatic complications which followed the expulsion of Lord Dalling (then Sir Henry Bulwer) from Madrid. The difficulties of King Alphonso's position increase daily. The approaching arrival of his sister, the widowed Countess de Girgenti, a fanatical, proud, and reactionary princess, is regarded with disfavour outside the palace, and not with absolute pleasure by the King himself. It is the ex-Queen's wish, and will of course prove a heavy expense to the State. The Spanish Liberals, alarmed by the reactionary tendencies of the new regime, are trying to unite their scattered fractions and prepare for contingencies. The triumph of Republicanism in France is regarded by them as an auspicious event; but in Spain, as long as the Government is sustained by the army and the Cortes are not convened, it must be dumb. If it gave the blow which expelled the Bourbons, he thinks he sees the time approaching, when the young King will be obliged to seek his support.

ENGLISH COMMERCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, 5TH MARCH.

INDUSTRIAL warfare is still the order of the day here, and I am sorry to say that so far from there being any improvement in the temper with which these strifes are conducted, so far from the spread of knowledge and enlightenment facilitating projects of conciliation or past prosperity supplying a warning against the dangers of tampering with the sources whence such prosperity is derived, the attitude of both sides in the present disputes between masters and men is more hopelessly embittered than ever. I do not refer merely to the South Wales lock-out as an evidence of bad spirit. The unpleasant feature is that even where strikes or lockouts are averted by the decision of arbitrators to whose judgment both sides have deferred, the working men, when the verdict is against them, can rarely be brought to acquiesce in it honestly. Your readers may remember the Bolton cotton spinners' strike to which I referred at what might have to many seemed undue length last autumn. The men foolishly went out against a reduction of wages, but submitted to the arbitration of Mr. Russell Q. C. who after patient examination decided in favour of the masters. The men then went back to work. It is now announced from Bolton that another struggle in the same trade is imminent. The men, it appears, have been dissatisfied ever since the reduction of wages, and as their earnings have been still further reduced since the 1st of January by the operation of the new Factories Act—that unfortunate and ill-chosen measure which I denounced at the time—the hand-mill spinners have now determined to apply for an advance. The self acter minders applied for one a few weeks ago and it was refused. Now in this Bolton case the law has clearly something to do with the dissatisfaction of the men. If by the restrictions it has imposed the gross earnings of a family are reduced it is not surprising that such members of the family as are still allowed by law to work should seek to get more by their labour. How they are to get it, is another question. Under present circumstances the masters cannot and will not increase the cost of production, and thus, unless the price of the raw material fall or a saving can be effected in some other way, they must refuse any advance of wages. But in other places than Lancashire, and where legal transactions have nothing to do with the issue, the temper of the men is so unyielding as to inspire the most gloomy forebodings among those who think of the future of their country. The South Wales lock-out gets worse every day. If the men really looked at such a matter rationally, the mere determination of the masters to let their property and machinery get rusty and dilapidated, their resolve to lose doubly, first by deterioration of plant and then by unproductiveness of capital, would afford convincing evidence that business on the old terms was not worth having. If orders were to be had at a profit is it conceivable that these great employers would not at once set their men to work? If the latter were not blinded by passion they would of course see this, and allow for the difficulties of their employers. But nothing is further from their thoughts. Their one idea now is to punish the latter as much as they can—ruin them if possible before succumbing themselves. Accordingly the latest step is one which only men, blind to all considerations other than those of mere spite, would think of adopting. At all previous strikes of colliers, a few men have been left by tacit consent to keep the pits clear of water. This was of course done with the object that when once the dispute had been settled no time should be lost in resuming work. But now we learn that even these remaining pitmen have been drawn off by the Union or have left, and so the pits will be flooded. The result will be that even if the masters were next week to surrender unconditionally to the men's terms, or *vice versa*, it would be impracticable to resume work for a week or two more, and the men would still have to go through a long ordeal of semi-starvation. If this conduct of theirs does not deserve to be classed with the "cutting off one's nose to spite one's face" policy, I do not know what merits the name. And not only does it make the position of the men themselves more difficult when an arrangement shall have some day been effected, but it alienates the masters yet more and more by a purely gratuitous act of injury. It is like saying "You, the masters, have challenged us to a trial of strength; we, the weakest side, will go out of our way to render reconciliation difficult by making you look upon us as your personal as well as trade enimies. And while this idiotic principle of action governs the men what do we hear from another country, our chief industrial rival? In America so successful have the masters been in beating down wages that iron and steel from the United States can now be landed in the Continent of Europe, and even, I am assured, in South Wales at a price to compete successfully with our own! And how have the American masters managed this? Their "Iron and Steel Association" have just reported that at least a million of skilled and unskilled working men and women in the United States are out of employment; and that fully one-fourth of these are iron workers or coal and iron miners and other labourers directly dependent on the iron trade for daily bread. "The world has had its iron hunger satiated for the present, and an other famine like that of 1872 is an impossibility. The capacity of the iron works of the world is to-day far in excess of present requirements." With such facts staring them in the face the obstinate fools in South Wales are going out of their way to make their loss so much gain to their American rivals, while the fall in values on the other side is by itself a proof that when production has exceeded consumption even a wholesale reduction of wages may not recover lost markets. The million of unemployed in America will be balanced by two millions of unemployed in England unless wages fall, and perhaps the mischief may not now be averted even by that.

Only one point in this struggle remains to be noticed. Mr. Alexander Macdonald, the miners' advocate in Scotland, whose "horny-handed" toil at his humble calling has enabled him to buy a handsome estate in Lancashire at a cost of £12,000, goes about as in duty bound adding fuel to the fire and fomenting the strife by which he and such as he make a living. Recently in a speech at a Miners' Conference he depicted the masters as so many monsters who had provoked the struggle for their selfish ends, and on whose heads would rest the responsibility of all the misery that might ensue. A more mischievous display of proletarian incendiarism has hardly been uttered since the days when Richard Oastler, Stephens, and Fergus O'Connor hounded on ignorant crowds against the Poor Law and its administrators. It has not, however, passed unnoticed by the masters. Mr. Fothergill, M. P. for Merthyr, in a letter just published which corrects Macdonald's misrepresentations on a matter of fact, adds a significant hint that his violent personal attack "may be dealt with elsewhere." It is to me surprising that the masters have not taken legal proceedings against their traducers long ago. Their forbearance is only misinterpreted.

The House of Commons is likely to come to an unexpected conclusion on the Bankers Act Amendment Bill about which I wrote to you lately. The Bill as brought in by Mr. Goschen will not only eject the Scotch banks from London and a radius of 65 miles round it, which was the pretext originally assigned for the measure, but from all England, though in the north they compete with English banks which have a privilege of note issue, and are in fact thus at a disadvantage. The Bill, therefore, looks very unfair, and as if it introduced new restrictions in what is already too much restricted. Sir John Lubbock, however, who is the moving spirit of the measure, assures me that the case is really one of life or death to the north of England bankers. By the opening of branches of the Scotch banks all the cross country business, that is, all the remittances to and from England and Scotland will pass into their hands, inasmuch as they do it free of charge, while the English banks must charge, as they have to pay a small commission to the corresponding Scotch bank on which they draw. Of course, it may be said, why not open English banks in Scotland? The answer is that as they could not by law obtain an issue privilege they could not compete with banks which have one, and would, therefore, work at a loss. Even the great English banks in London are not insensible to the chances of competition by Scotch Institutions established here for the international business, and according to Sir John they have actually already felt it. In short the position is serious. Irish banks are not feared because they are not pushing and because the international business with Ireland is not important. There is yet another point in this contraversy, mentioned to me by Sir J. Lubbock, which has not found its way into print, but is of prime importance nevertheless. Scotch bank notes do not circulate in London; but in the north of England when Scotch branch banks have fairly obtained a footing they will come into circulation by degrees, passing from hand to hand among a population largely Scotch, and in these circumstances the Scotch agents would be unable to refuse cashing their own notes or receiving them at par. So received they would have a currency equally accepted with that of the Bank of England. Now this may be a good thing or not, but at least, pleads Sir John, if the currency system here is to be altered, let it be openly, not by a side wind. Such considerations as these have led to the result. I am about to announce to you. With the consent of Mr. Gladstone and Sir Stafford Northcote, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Bill when it has been read a second time is to be referred to a Select Committee, which will examine into the whole question of our provincial note issue with a view, I believe, to comprehensive legislation. This may lead to a postponement of immediate action, but it may also result in the entire reconstruction of our currency arrangements in the sense of getting rid of independent note issues and leaving that privilege wholly to the Bank of England.

Mr. George Gregory, one of the members for Sussex, has given notice that he will call the attention of the House of Commons after the Easter to the report of the Commissioners on the Bank of Bombay. This is the same member who brought on a motion a year or two back, and I think I remember saying that he would certainly re-open it notwithstanding his defeat then.

A bullion circular for last year compiled here by Messrs. Page and Gwyther shows that the total export of bullion and specie to the East during 1874 was £11,448,512 against £7,807,605 in 1873. Of this the proportion to Bombay was—gold £298,621: silver £3,4 6,857, or a total of £3,795,478 last year against £261,530 in 1873. The highest price of the last ten Bills on Bombay last year was 1/11 and the lowest 1/9[3]. The highest price of the last ten years was in 1864 when it touched 2/3, and the lowest was last year—namely 1/9[3].

Sir Henry Jame's Committee on Foreign Loans defaulted is to meet on Monday. They have made Mr. Lowe chairman, and I believe some interesting revelations may be expected. Some of our city men are considerably fluttered thereby, but of course it is only the galled jade who winces.

BOMBAY.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—An inquest was held on Friday last on the body of Ashennaa Nursoo, who was killed by a fall from a scaffolding. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

CARELESSNESS.—A bullock driver called Rowjee Abbajee was fined Rs. 10 by Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee, on Saturday last, at the Girgaum Police Court, for having left his vehicle standing on a public road unprotected.

WE learn that Mr. Dhurrumsey Poonjabhoy has stated that he is able to pay all his debts in full, and to meet his engagements as he has always hitherto done. We further learn that Mr. Dhurrumsey's connection with the Spinning Mill called after him has ceased.

ACCIDENT.—A reckla-walla named Noora Rajoo went asleep on his reckla while driving along the Parell Road, on Friday last. In his sleep he tumbled off the reckla, one of the wheels of which went over his leg. He was taken to the G. T. Hospital, but did not remain there.

MR. Walton, the Deputy Director of the Indo-European Telegraph, Kurrachee, has been ordered to be transferred to the Indian Telegraph, and to report himself to the Director-General at Calcutta, Colonel Robinson. Mr. Walton, however, it is said, contemplates proceeding to Europe on two years' furlough.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—From some cause at present unknown, a fire broke out in a cadjan but in Nesbit Lane on Friday last. During the conflagration, a child but three years old was burnt to death, no one, apparently, being aware, that it was in the hut until it was too late to attempt a rescue. A coroner's inquest was held on the body and a verdict of accidental death from burning was returned.

SPIRIT OF THE MAHRATTA PRESS.—The *Sivaji*, a paper, published at Poona, in its issue of the 12th March says:—"The whole evidence goes to show that Mulharrao has not instigated the poisoning of the Resident, and even if it be taken for granted that he did instigate it, he did not commit a great mistake." Comment is needless, for we evidently live among amiable people. The Native Press may at all events be admired for its candour.

MISSING LETTERS.—A correspondent complains of the irregular arrival of his overland letters and papers, and states that, in one instance, a letter and two book post parcels were posted to him in London on the same day, addressed in the same words and handwriting, and posted by the same person, yet one of the books did not arrive until nearly a week after the letter, and the other was delayed still longer, having been sent to Allahabad and several other up country stations, before being finally delivered in Bombay.

A FATAL ACCIDENT occurred in Kurrachee on the 23rd inst. at the Macleod Press, close to the office of Messrs. Fleming & Co. A Mekranee was killed by the falling on him of three spars which had been raised as shears to support a heavy weight made to fall on pieces of old iron which were being broken up. The unfortunate man was one of many employed in hoisting the weight through means of a crane. The shears, instead of being fixed firmly in the ground as they ought undoubtedly to have been, were made simply to stand without any support whatever; one of them must have slipped, and the whole gave way. The victim to such culpable carelessness as that displayed in the erection of the shears, sustained serious, and as they turned out to be, mortal injuries in several places; his spine, the *Sindian* learns, snapped in two; his ribs protruded; and his body presented a ghastly spectacle; he expired while being removed to the Civil Hospital.

THE drivers of public conveyances in Kurrachee have stopped running their vehicles owing to what they believe to be oppressions practised on them by the police authorities. The instigator of the strike is said to be a Parsee proprietor of a livery establishment. The inconvenience to the public occasioned by the action taken by the gharry-wallahs is great, and we (*Sindian*) would suggest that in the event of their complaints if they have any, being found to be ill-founded that the licences of every one of them be revoked. Such a mode of treatment would serve them well right, and have a salutary effect for all time to come at least so far as the present generation of Jehus is concerned. The gharry-wallahs in Kurrachee are an untractable set of fellows and half measures would be entirely thrown away on them. The Parsee ringleader in the present strike ought to be made a signal example of, if he should be proved to be in fault.

A BRUSH WITH THE POLICE.—A disturbance took place between a party of intoxicated seamen and an Inspector and Constable of the European Police, on Friday afternoon, during which one of the former received a wound on the head, which, though not severe, necessitated his being sent to Hospital. The Police, it appears, were about to arrest two men who were drunk and disorderly near the Sailor's Home, from which they had been ejected, when about fifteen or sixteen seamen, who were standing by, interfered and refused to permit the men to be arrested. The Police were ultimately compelled to resort to force, and finally succeeded in arresting seven of the ringleaders, whom they brought before Mr. Vincent, Acting Deputy Commissioner of Police, who for some reason or other discharged five of them. One of them had been seen by several persons striking the Police, and the others inciting the bystanders to assist in the attempted rescue. Such disturbances are becoming frequent, and it is time that the offenders should be treated with due severity, and not misplaced leniency.

THE ACTING CANTONMENT MAGISTRATE OF POONA.—We are glad to state that Major A. T. Spens, the Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, has been appointed by His Excellency the Governor to act as Cantonment Magistrate of Poona, during the absence on privilege leave of Colonel G. C. Evezard, the Cantonment Magistrate of Poona, who proceeds on three months' leave of absence to England immediately. Colonel Evezard has been nearly a year in charge at this station. First of all he held the appointment of Assistant Superintendent of Bazaars, and since 1858 was appointed Superintendent of Bazaars, and then the designation was changed into that of Cantonment Magistrate. He has been very popular with the inhabitants of this Cantonment, and his indefatigable exertions have gained golden opinions both from the populace generally and from his superiors, and we have no doubt that his departure will cause deep regret to the inhabitants of this station. As, however, he is but proceeding on a short leave of absence, and will again be amongst us very soon, we do not at present deem it necessary to say more of his career, but wish him a happy journey to his native land, and a speedy return amongst us. In Major Spens, Government could not have selected a better officer, as we have no doubt that he will during Colonel Evezard's absence, discharge all the duties entrusted to him with ability and zeal. Major Spens had held for many years the appointment of Assistant Superintendent of Bazaars, and was transferred to other stations in higher appointments to act, and has now again returned to his old appointment with the new designation of Assistant Cantonment Magistrate.—*Poona Observer.*

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. AND O. Co.'s s.s. DECCAN, Captain J. D. Galey, sail to-day for Southampton via the Suez Canal, with English Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR SOUTHAMPTON.

Mrs C Martin, child and infant
Mr G D Rayner
The Rev F S Schneider
Mrs Schneider and 2 children
Mr Richard Bowen
Mrs Earle
Mrs Chamier and 2 children
Mrs Franklin and infant
Mrs West and 2 children
Mrs Wyndowe and child
Mr and Mrs Paterson and 2 infants
Mr and Mrs J J Higgins child and infant
Mrs Bowkett
Major and Mrs Browne, 3 children and infant
Capt Macaulay, 3 children and 2 infants
Two Ladies, five children, 2 infants
Mr and Mrs Llewellin, 2 children and infant
Mr and Mrs R C S Mackenzie, 2 children and infant
Mrs Scott and infant
Mrs Castello, child, and 2 infants
Mr Speed
Mrs Jeffery and 3 infants
Mrs Turner and infant
Major F J Keen
Mrs Staples and child
Mr W A H Martin
Mrs Fraser, 4 children and 2 infants
Mrs Sibthorpe and infant
Mrs Lockwood
Mrs Elliot Macnaghten and infant
Col and Mrs Buchanan, child and infant
Mr Austin Mears
Mr Henry Wright
Mr and Mrs Cook and child
Mrs Rousseau
Antonio de Souza and infant
Capt Reid's child
Miss Allardyce,
By Surg-General J M S Fogo
Mrs James and child
Mr J Stewart
Miss Hughes
Mr and Mrs Waite, 3 children and infant
Mr and Mrs Candy
Mr and Mrs Gore Ouseley, one child and 3 infants
Mr St John
Miss St John
Mr Phalmon
Mr James D naldson
Mr Samuel Robb
Mr Keelan
Mr and Mrs Hudson, and infant
Mr Macdon ld
Mr and Miss Yardley and 2 children
Mr A Stevenson
Mrs Grimshaw and 2 children
Mr Barnard
Mrs and Miss Ammaney and 7 children
Dr Bennet.

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr W B Oldham
Mr Turner
Mr J J Meleod
Mr Fras Murray
Mr R G Hardy
Capt D McNeil
Capt J H Campbell
Col R Davidson
Miss Davidson
Mr T Guilford
Mr C G Master
Mr Robt Miller
Major Scarlett
Mr T J Fraser
Mr T B Mewer
Mr and Mrs George.

FOR VENICE.

Mr and Mrs C F Carnac and child
Capt A E FitzGeorge
Mr C Peel
Signor Branchi
Col J R McMullin
Mr and Mrs Peel
Mrs Murray and child
Capt Coddington
Mr and Mrs A B Wynne, and child and 2 infan's
Mr and Miss Anderson
Mr and Mrs Marchant 3 children and governess
Mr and Mrs Hughes
Mr Murray
Mr and Mrs Knox
Mr and Mrs J A Thomson
Mr G Hall
Mr H O Coleman
Mr W W Hunter
Mr R W Moloney
Mr and Mrs Glover

FOR MALTA.

Col and Mrs Boyd and child
Mr Malcolm Low
Lady Ida Low and infant

FOR GIBRALTAR—Major and Mrs A T Moore, 3 children and infant.

FOR EGYPT—Mr Helps

FOR ADEN—Mr Yardley.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

EXCERPTS from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the port of Bombay held on the 25th inst.

Read Government Resolution No. 318, dated 17th March, approving of the estimate of expenditure and income of the Trustees for the year 1875-76.

Resolution.—To be recorded.

Read letter from Mr. Kessowjee Naik, dated 18th March, advocating the purchase of the Colaba, Mazgon and Frere Companies' properties, in order to avoid loss of revenue while the Elphinstone Dock is being constructed.

Resolution.—Mr. Kessowjee Naik to be informed that the Trustees are not inclined to entertain his propositions.

Read letter from the Traffic Manager, dated 12th March, asking the Secretary to instruct the audit clerks to give effect to the following alteration in the table of wharfage fees.

Trunks, Camphor wood	each	0 2 0	The present charge is 2 annas.
" Common wood large	"	0 1 0	
" " small	"	0 0 6	
Bedsteads English double	"	0 8 0	Present charge 8 annas.
" " single and children	"	0 2 0	

The Traffic Manager considers that these items can be dealt with as "Goods Unnumerated" and that the sanction of the Trustees to the change is not therefore necessary.

Read minutes of members of Bunders Committee. The Committee consider that the sanction of the Trustees and also of Government is necessary.

Resolution.—The proposed alteration of rates is approved, the sanction of Government should be applied for as required by section 57 of the Port Trust Act.

Read letter from the Acting Chief Engineer, dated 24th March, forwarding application from Doss Mowji, Contractor, for permission to deposit at Mody Bay material excavated from the Tank which is being dug on the premises of the Mandvi Spinning Co., near Elphinstone Bridge. The Chief Engineer states that the material was originally Town sweepings, but he thinks that the necessary permission may be given provided the material is deposited at either of the sites shown on the plan accompanying his letter as directed by the Trustees' Engineer.

Resolution.—Permission is granted on the conditions suggested by the Acting Chief Engineer.

DEPARTURE OF THE TROOP SHIP JUMNA.

HER Majesty's Indian Troop-ship Jumna, 4,173 tons, 700 horse-power, 3 guns, Captain W. E. Gordon, will sail to-day for England, with 48 officers, 18 ladies, 20 children; 791 men, 97 women and 187 children, of H. M.'s different Regiments.

The following is the list of officers with their families:

Col F W Hastings, R A, in Command.
Col and Mrs C H Smith, C B and child, R H A.
Col and Mrs G G Brown and child, R H A.
Major W E Ward, R A.
Major R E Cave, R A.
Surg-Major and Mrs A P M Corbett and 5 children, 5th B R A.
Qr-Mr and Mrs T Gibson and 2 children, 5th B R A.
Surg and Mrs E M Sinclair and 2 children, 20th B R A.
Capt F B Roberts, F-19th R A.
Capt G Phillips, 8th Hussars.
Capt T J W Berkeley, 10th Hussars.
Lt E R H Torin, 13th Hussars.
Qr-Mr and Mrs G F Rumsey and 1 child, 18th Hussars.
Pay-Mr and Mrs W R Wastell, 1-6th Foot.
Lt D F M Brady 1-6th Foot.
Capt H Flood, 1-22nd Foot.
Lt. and Mrs W B Ferris, 2-12th Foot.
Capt G J Gordon, 2-12th Foot.
Surg G Scanlon, 1-14th Foot.
Capt and Mrs J Stevenson, 1-24st Foot.
Lt A B Mein, 2-22nd Foot.
Lt W S Hamilton, 2-22nd Foot.
Lt C D O Harmer, 39th Foot.
Capt R C Brooke, 49th Foot
Lt F W G

but the native authorities maintain that the genuine relic was concealed, and only a spurious one given up to the invaders; and the tooth of Buddha played an important part in the insurrection against the English in 1818. It is now kept in the Malagawa Temple at Kandy, and "only the other day the Ambassadors from Burmah, returning from Europe, appeared in state before the shrine there, in fulfilment of the special commands of their king, and offered it many tokens of homage and devotion." The tooth itself is described by European visitors as a piece of yellowish ivory, two inches long, and curved; but fervent Buddhists meet every objection with the assertion that in Buddha's time men were much larger than they are now!

It is this history which furnishes the author of the present Pali poem with a theme for his epic muse. Dhammakitti is said to have died about the commencement of the thirteenth century, and his poems, called the 'Dathavansa,' is considered the best specimen of the mediæval Pali literature. It is evidently an imitation of the Sanskrit 'Raghuvansa', by Kalidasa: we have the same artificial style of composition, but without the extravagance of later poems; and the language, though ornate, is not highflown or obscure; but we miss the rich imagination of the Sanskrit poet. To a European reader, moreover, the subject is an unfortunate one: the fortunes of Buddha's tooth are too remote from our sympathies to excite much interest; and the portentous miracles, which everywhere accompany its progress, are wearisome from their monotony.

The volume has, however, very great value from another point of view; and Sir Mutu Coomara Swamy has conferred a real obligation on all Pali students by its publication. As he remarks in his Preface, "the difficulties in the way of the Pali student are very disheartening." Very few text books have been printed; and the only available dictionary (that by Mr. Childers) is as yet unfinished. Hence the publication of the text of a classical poem like the 'Dathavansa,' with notes and a literal translation, is a boon for which the editor deserves our most hearty thanks. Pali is the key to ancient Buddhism, as the old literature of Ceylon preserves its most authentic monuments; and every aid is valuable which helps towards this ultimate object.

THE CHALDEAN ACCOUNT OF THE CREATION AND FALL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE DAILY TELEGRAPH."

SIR—Having recently made a series of important discoveries relating to the Book of Genesis, among some remarkable texts, which form part of the collection presented to the British Museum by the proprietors of *The Daily Telegraph*, I venture once more to bring Assyrian subjects before your readers.

In my lecture on the Chaldean Account of the Deluge, which I delivered on Dec. 3, 1872, I stated my conviction that all the earlier narratives of Genesis would receive new light from the inscriptions so long buried in the Chaldean and Assyrian mounds; but I little thought at that time that I was so near to finding most of them.

My lecture, as your readers know, was soon followed by the proposal of your proprietors and the organising of *The Daily Telegraph* expedition to Assyria. When excavating at Kouyunjik during that expedition, I discovered the missing portion of the first column of the Deluge tablet, an account of which I sent home; and, in the same trench, I subsequently found the fragment which I afterwards recognised as part of the Chaldean story of the Creation, which relic I have noticed already in your columns. I excavated later on, while still working under your auspices, another portion belonging to this story, far more precious—in fact, I think, to the general public, the most interesting and remarkable Cuneiform tablet yet discovered. This turns out to contain the story of man's original innocence, of the temptation, and of the fall. I was, when I found it, on the eve of departing, and had not time to properly examine my great prize. I only copied the two or three first lines, which (as I had then no idea of the general subject of the tablet) did not appear very valuable, and I forthwith packed it in the box for transport to England, where it arrived safely, and was presented by the proprietors of *The Daily Telegraph* with the rest of their collection, to the British Museum. On my return to England I made some other discoveries among my stores, and in the pursuit of these this fragment was overlooked. I subsequently went a second time to Assyria, and returned to England in June, 1874; but I had no leisure to look again at those particular legends until the end of January in this year. Then, starting with the fragment of the Creation in *The Daily Telegraph* collection, which I had first noticed, I began to collect other portions of the series, and among these I soon found the overlooked fragment which I had excavated at Kouyunjik, the first lines of which I took down in the note-book of my first expedition. I subsequently found several smaller pieces in this old Nineveh collection, and all join or form parts of a continuous series of legends, giving the history of the world from the Creation down to some period after the fall of man. Linked with these, I found also other series of legends on primitive history, including the story of the building of the Tower of Babel and of the Confusion of Tongues.

The first series, which I may call "The Story of the Creation and Fall," when complete must have consisted of nine or ten tablets at least, and the history upon it is much longer and fuller than the corresponding account in the Book of Genesis. With respect to these Genesis narratives a furious strife has existed for many years; every word has been scanned by eager scholars, and every possible meaning which the various passages could bear has been suggested; while the age and authenticity of the narratives have been discussed on all sides. In particular, it may be said that the account of the fall of man, the heritage of all Christian countries, has been the centre of this controversy, for it is one of the pivots on which the Christian religion turns. The world-wide importance of the subjects will, therefore, give the newly-discovered inscriptions, and especially the one relating to the Fall, an unparalleled value, and I am glad, indeed, that such a treasure should have resulted from your expedition.

Whatever the primitive account may have been from which the earlier part of the Book of Genesis was copied, it is evident that the brief narration given in the Pentateuch omits a number of incidents and explanations—for instance, as to the origin of evil, the fall of the angels, the wickedness of the serpent, &c. Such points as these are included in the Cuneiform narrative; but of course I can say little about them until I prepare full translations of the legends.

The narrative on the Assyrian tablets commences with a description of the period before the world was created, when there existed a chaos or confusion. The desolate and empty state of the universe and the generation by chaos of monsters are vividly given. The chaos is presided over by a female power named Tiâmat and Thâmtu, corresponding to the Thalatth of Berosus; but as it proceeds the Assyrian account agrees rather with the Bible than with the short account from Berosus. We are told, in the inscriptions, of the fall of the celestial being who appears to correspond to Satan. In his ambition he raises his hand against the sanctuary of the God of heaven, and the description of him is really magnificent. He is represented riding in a chariot through celestial space, surrounded by the storm, with the lightning playing before him, and wielding a thunderbolt as a weapon.

This rebellion leads to a war in heaven and the conquest of the powers of evil, the gods in due course creating the universe in stages, as in the Mosaic narrative, surveying each and "seeing that it was good," pronouncing it good. The divine work culminates in the creation of man, who is made upright and free from evil, and endowed by the gods with the noble faculty of speech.

The Deity then delivers a long address to the newly-created being, instructing him in all his duties and privileges, and pointing out the glory of his state. But this condition of blessing does not last long before man, yielding to temptation, falls; and the Deity then pronounces upon him a terrible curse, invoking on his head all the evils which have since afflicted humanity. These last details are, as I have before stated, upon the fragment which I excavated during my first journey to Assyria, and the discovery of this single relic in my opinion increases many times over the value of *The Daily Telegraph* collection.

I have at present recovered no more of the story, and am not yet in a position to give the full translations and details; but I hope during the spring to find time to search over the collection of smaller fragments of tablets, and to light upon any smaller parts of the legends which may have escaped me. There will arise, besides, a number of important questions as to the date and origin of the legends, their comparison with the Biblical narrative, and as to how far they may supplement the Mosaic account.

It will probably be some few months before my researches are sufficiently advanced to publish them in full; meanwhile the interest which I know the public feel in these discoveries must be my excuse for this short and imperfect notice in your columns. When my investigations are completed I will publish a full account and translations of these Genesis legends, all of which I have now been fortunate enough to find, some in the old Museum collection, others by excavation in Assyria.—I am, Sir, yours, &c.,

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NO. 6, BLUE GROUND, BOUQUETS OF FLOWERS, and large variegated leaves, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

NO. 7, LIGHT BUFF GROUND, Running Pattern of Roses and Corn Flowers, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

NO. 8, GREEN GROUND, Running Pattern of Roses and Corn Flowers, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

NO. 9, WIDE BLACK and GREEN STRIPES, with Sprays of Roses and Creepers, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

NO. 10, SCARLET GROUND, Running Pattern of Fancy Flowers, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

NO. 11, TWILLED CRETONNE, Black and Blue Wide Stripes, Scroll Pattern with yellow Greek border 1 inch wide, and various birds, 30 inches wide, Rs 1-8 per yard

NO. 12, LIGHT DRAB GROUND, Creepers of Roses and Daisies, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

NO. 13, LIGHT BUFF GROUND, Fancy variegated Leaves and Fruits, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

NO. 14, LIGHT BUFF and GREY WIDE STRIPES, Creepers of various Flowers, 30 inches wide, Rs. 1-8 per yard.

SATIN FINISHED CRETONNES.

NO. 15, BLUE GROUND, Fancy Grass and various Flowers, 33 inches wide, Rs. 2 per yard.

NO. 16, BLUE and BLACK WIDE STRIPES Bouquets of various Flowers and Birds, very handsome pattern, 33 inches wide, Rs. 2 per yard.

NO. 17, LIGHT BUFF GROUND, PINK and WHITE STRIPES, Bouquets of Flowers, and Butterflies, 33 inches wide, Rs 2 per yard.

NO. 18, LIGHT BUFF and GREEN, WIDE STRIPES, Bouquets of various Flowers and Birds, a very handsome pattern, 33 inches wide, Rs 2 per yard.

NO. 19, WIDE GREEN STRIPES and NARROW BLACK STRIPES, Bouquets and Creepers of Fancy Flowers, 33 inches wide, Rs 2 per yard.

NO. 20, WIDE BLACK and NARROW GREEN STRIPES, Bouquets and Creepers of Fancy Flowers, 33 inches wide, Rs. 2 per yard.

NO. 21, LIGHT BUFF GROUND, very handsome pattern, of Shaded Roses and Buds, 33 inches wide, Rs 2 per yard.

(To be Continued.)

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT, OR ONE ANNA AND A HALF ALLOWED ON EACH RUPEE FOR READY MONEY ORDERS AMOUNTING TO 10 RUPEES.

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FRAUD.

On the 27th June, 1866, MOTEEWALLAH, a Printer, was convicted at the Supreme Court, Calcutta, of counterfeiting the

LABELS

Of Messrs. CROSSE and BLACKWELL, London, and was sentenced by Mr. Justice Phear to TWO YEARS' RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT,

And on the 30th of the same month, for SELLING SPURIOUS ARTICLES

Bearing Labels in imitation of Messrs. CROSSE and BLACKWELL'S, SHAIK HACHOO was sentenced, by the Suburban Sessions Judge, to

TWO YEARS' RIGOROUS IMPRISONMENT.

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